FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

[VOL. XXIV.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 18, 1840. [NO. 1224.]

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED, WEEKLY,
BY EDWARD J. HALE.

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ADVERTISEMENTS inserted for sixty cents per square for the first, and thirty cents for each succeeding publication. Advertisers are requested to state the number of insertions desired, or they will be continued till forbid, and charged accordingly.

☞ *Letters to the Editor must be post paid.*☜

THE FIRST SESSION of the Rockingham Female Institution, for 1841, will commence on the second Monday in January. In June an annual examination will take place.

A limited number of Pupils only, will be received, and a select number of Young Ladies may be accommodated with board in the family of the Principal.

Prices of board and tuition have been reduced, to suit the exigencies of the times.

Every branch of English Literature will be taught; also, Music on Piano and Guitar, Embroidery and Rag Work of every variety, and Wax Work.

November 9, 1840. 23-12mj.

Notice.

THE SUBSCRIBER, Administrator of William Bryan, hereby gives notice to the distributees and next of kin to said William Bryan, that he is ready and prepared to pay over to each and all said distributees and next of kin, the portion or portions to which they are respectively entitled, and that he will not be liable for interest after this date.

NATHAN BRYAN,
Adm'r of Wm. Bryan.

Bladen county, N. C., Nov. 3, 1840. 23-3m.

To close Assignment.

ON FRIDAY, November 6th, according to assignment to me made by Wm. S. Latta, bearing date August 31st, 1838, (said property having been under a previous mortgage,) the following Property will be sold:—The Household and Kitchen Furniture of said Latta, and still in his possession. Also, Saturday, Nov. 7th, at the Plantation 4 miles from town, called the Toomer place, the stock of Hogs and Cows thereon; also, one horse. Also, the said Latta's interest and title in and to the said Plantation. Also, the farming utensils thereon.

Terms liberal and made known on the days of sale.

SAML W. TILLINGHAST, *Assn'y.*

September 1, 1840. 13tf

☞ The above sale is postponed until the 22d and 23d of January next.

S. W. TILLINGHAST, *Trustee.*

BULWER'S GODOLPHIN, &c.

JUST RECEIVED. Also, Henry De Cerons, James's last Novel, De Tocqueville's Democracy in America, part 2d, Rambles in the Footsteps of Don Quixote, Love's Progress, by Mrs. Norton, Georgia Scenes, new Edition, with plates.

E. J. HALE.

ALMANACS FOR 1841.

TURNER & HUGHES'S,
Farmers' and Planters',
Cotemporary,
For sale by
E. J. HALE.

NEGRO BOY for sale.

A NEGRO BOY, 18 or 20 years old, for sale.—Apply at this Office.

Piano Fortes.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Piano Fortes may constantly be found for sale at the Female Seminary. Inquire of the Principal of the Seminary,

Col. S. T. Hawley.

August 4, 1840. 9tf

NEW AGENCY.

THE Subscriber has taken an office, one door North of the Store of Hall, McRae & Co., and is prepared to attend to the sale of LUMBER and TIMBER, or any thing in the way of a general AGENCY BUSINESS. He has two large and convenient wharves, with four spacious docks, for the shipping of Timber, Staves, &c. With these facilities, and a determination to use every exertion to promote the interest of those who may favour him with business, he hopes to receive a portion of the public patronage.

JOHN HALL.

Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 28, 1840. 24tf

Refer to A. Lazarus, Hall, McRae & Co., Wilmington, and R. McRae, Fayetteville.

State of North Carolina,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, September Term, 1840.

Dushee Shaw *vs.* Lewis Pope.

ORIGINAL ATTACHMENT,

Levied on one hundred acres of Land in the county of Cumberland, on the West side of Mingo, and on the head waters of Stoney Run Creek, joining the lands of Killen Stewart and Harvill.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendant, Lewis Pope, is not an inhabitant of this State: It is therefore Ordered, That publication be made for six weeks in the Fayetteville Observer, notifying him to appear at the next term of said Court, to be held for said County, at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the first Monday in December next, then and there to replevy and plead to issue, or judgment final by default will be awarded against him, and the property be condemned to satisfy the plaintiff's demand.

Witness, John McLaurin, Jr., Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the 1st Monday of September, A. D. 1840, and 65th year of American Independence.

JNO. MAC LAURIN, Jr.

October 12, 1840. 19-6w

State of North Carolina,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, September Term, 1840.

Duncan McNeill *vs.* John E. Edwards.

ORIGINAL ATTACHMENT,

Levied on twelve acres of Land, as the property of the Defendant, on Blount's Creek. Also, his interest in the old Parsonage, near the Cool Spring Mills.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that John E. Edwards, the Defendant in this case, resides beyond the limits of this State, so that the usual process of law cannot be served on him: It is therefore Ordered, That publication be made for six weeks in the Fayetteville Observer, notifying him to be and appear at the next term of our said Court, to be held for the County of Cumberland, at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the first Monday of December next, then and there to replevy and plead to issue, or judgment final by default will be awarded against him, and the property be condemned to satisfy the Plaintiff's demand.

Witness, John McLaurin, Jr. Clerk of our said Court, at office, the 1st Monday of September, A. D. 1840, and 65th year of American Independence.

JNO. MAC LAURIN, Jr.

October 12, 1840. 19-6w

New Books & Stationary.

THE Subscriber is now receiving his Fall Supply of BOOKS and SATIONARY, embracing a large assortment of School and Miscellaneous Books; Cap and Letter Papers, ruled and plain; Wrapping Paper; Fine Pen and Pocket Knives; Razors; Blank Books; &c. &c., which he offers at his usual low prices.

E. J. HALE.

October 5, 1840.

FOR SALE.

A TEAM OF MULES.

Apply to
C. P. MALLETT.

October 6, 1840. 18-tf.

Preservation of the Teeth.

C. S. PLEASANTS,
SURGEON DENTIST,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Fayetteville and vicinity, that he has returned from the North, where he furnished himself with a new supply of materials appertaining to his profession, and again solicits a share of public confidence. Those who may wish to avail themselves of his services, will please apply early. He may be found at Mrs. Smith's, corner of Mumford and Gillespie Streets. His fees will be moderate.

Nov. 3. 22tf

NOTICE.

Valuable Property at Auction.

ON TUESDAY the 24th instant I will sell, by virtue of a Deed of Trust made by G. W. & W. Draughon, dated May 28, 1840, their entire STOCK OF GOODS, consisting of

DRY GOODS,
HARDWARE & CUTLERY,
CROCKERY AND GLASS-WARE,
Hats, Shoes, Bonnets, &c.

Also, the Store House and Lot on the South side of Market Square, convenient to business and one of the most desirable business stands in town. The Store House and Lot would be disposed of privately before sale, but I, not, it will be sold without reserve at that time.

Also, a fine Horse and Buggy.

WILLIAM C. DRAUGHON, *Trustee.*
WILLINGS, *Att'y.*

November 2, 1840. 22tf

P. S. All persons indebted to us will please call and settle, as longer indulgence will not be given.

G. W. & W. DRAUGHON.

SMITH'S SCHOOL BOOKS,

Published by Spalding & Storrs, Hartford, Conn., and for sale by Booksellers generally, throughout the United States.

SMITH'S SCHOOL GEOGRAPHY, on the Productive System, *New Edition* revised and enlarged, illustrated by thirty additional cuts, put up in uniform large type, accompanied by an *extensive Atlas*, containing eighteen very superior Maps, Charts of the World, &c. &c. By Roswell C. Smith, author of the Practical and Mental Arithmetic, Productive Grammar, &c. &c.

The population in the Book and Atlas will be altered to correspond with the Census of 1840, as soon as officially reported, and will be kept in every respect fully up with the times.

Smith's New Arithmetics, on the Productive System, 12mo. 340 bound, much larger than the Practical and Mental, designed for scholars advanced in the study, (accompanied by a Key and Check Books if desired.)

Smith's Practical and Mental Arithmetic, on a new plan in which Mental Arithmetic is combined with the use of the slate; containing a complete system for all practical purposes; being in course and cents. Stereotype edition, revised and much improved. exercises for the state. To which is added a Practical System of Book Keeping. By Roswell C. Smith.

Key to do., with the examples fully wrought.

Smith's new Grammar on the Productive system, (a method of instruction recently adopted in Germany and Switzerland,) designed for Schools and Academies.

We annex the following as specimens of numerous recommendations:—

I have used Smith's Grammar, Geography, and Arithmetic on the Productive System, in my Academy for the last three years, which is sufficient proof that I consider them superior to any works on the subjects of which they treat. Students in Grammar, using Smith's work, make progress which astonishes those who have been accustomed to the old system of class books. The same might be said of students in the other branches. Of these I speak confidently, having my knowledge from experience.

C. P. E. MARTIN,
Rector of Mount Zion Institution.

From the Common School Assistant, edited by J. Orville Taylor.

New York, Feb. 20, 1840.

Smith's Geography, Improved.—The above standard and popular work has just appeared from new plates, the old ones having been destroyed by fire. The entire work has been revised, and we now pronounce it the *most accurate* work in market. We perceive several new maps; one of Palestine; one of Liberia; one of Mexico, &c. The Map and Chart of the World is presented on an entire new plan, and one which adds great value to the work, and must be universally admired. In *all* respects the work is equal to any Geography we have, and in several important particulars superior to the others.

N B. The report that an action has been commenced against the Publishers of Smith's Geography and Atlas, for an infringement on Mitchell's, is *false* and without the least foundation.

SPALDING & STORRS.

The above valuable School Books for sale by

E. J. HALE.

November 2, 1840. 22-6w

State of North Carolina,

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, October Term, 1840.

George Hearne, Thomas Hearne and wife Disey, in support of the last Will and Testament of Ebenezer Hearne, deceased.

vs.

Polly Harris, Clayton Steed and wife Nancy, Joel Hearne, William Ingram and wife Lenora, Rowland Harris and wife Elizabeth, Stephen Hearne and Dovey Parten.

[*Dersavit vel non.*]

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that George Hearne, Thomas Hearne and his wife Disey, are not inhabitants of this State: It is therefore Ordered by the Court. That publication be made for six weeks in the Fayetteville Observer, for them to be and appear at the next term of this Court, to be held for the County of Montgomery, at the Court House in Lawrenceville, on the first Monday of January next, then and there to shew cause (if any they have) why the Will of the aforesaid Ebenezer Hearne, deceased, shall not be set aside.

Witness, Nat. Knight, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the first Monday in October, 1840, and in the 65th year of American Independence.

22] NAT. KNIGHT, *Clerk.*

At my Auction Store,

OPPOSITE the Lafayette Hotel, will be found for sale the following GOODS:—

2000 bushels Turk's Island SALT,
1500 sacks Liverpool ditto,
150 bags Coffee,
20 hhds. St. Croix and New Orleans Sugar,
15 bbls. Loaf Sugar,
2 bbls. Havana white ditto,
100 kegs Nails,
15 tons Swedes Iron,
15 crates assorted Crockery,
20 cases Shoes,
25 ditto Hats,
175 reams Wrapping Paper,
50 ditto Letter and Cap ditto,
100 bags Shot,
2000 lbs. Lead,
10 casks London Porter,
3½ pipes French Brandy,
20 casks Port, Lisbon, and other Wines,
10 bags Pepper and Pimento,
20 M Spanish Cigars,
50 Demijohns,
50 boxes Brown Soap,
50 boxes assorted Candy,

Salmon, Mackerel, Table Salt, Soda Biscuit, Olive Oil, Pickles, Blacking, Snuff, Champaign Wine, Salts, Alum, Cheese, Nutmegs, Mace, Indigo, Madder, Almonds, Raisins, Prunes, Brandy Fruits, with a variety of other Groceries. Also, a well selected assortment of DRY GOODS.

SAML W. TILLINGHAST.

November 2. 1840. 22tf

LOOK HERE!

THE SUBSCRIBER will keep constantly on hand a large supply of the following articles, viz:—

Thoma-town Lime and Calcined Plaster Paris for Plastering,

Roman Cement and Water Lime for building Cisterns water tight,

Nova Scotia rotten Plaster Paris for manuring Land,

Brick, Laths, Hair, and Nails for Lathing,

All of which can be bought low by calling on me 3 doors South of the Market House, Fayetteville.

JOHN E. PATTERSON.

N. B. I am prepared with faithful workmen to do any job of work in my line as a Bricklayer and Plasterer, and plain or ornamental Cornicing. I have been following the above business for more than twenty-three years, and feel satisfied that I can give full satisfaction to any who may favour me with a call, and my charges will be moderate, as I will expect the money for my services in all cases, for the old proverb says money makes the mare go, and the want of it will stop her. J. E. P.

November 2, 1840. 22tf

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber would inform the public, that he intends carrying on the business of GUNSMITHING, on the North side of Hay Street, next door to George McNeill's, where he intends Stocking RIFLES, SHOT GUNS and PISTOLS, besides Repairing LOCKS; and all other business in the line will be done in the neatest order.

Also, constantly on hand, a large stock of Shot Guns, Rifles, Pistols, &c., all of which will be sold at low prices for Cash.

JOHN HARPER,
Hay Street.

November 3, 1840. 22-3m.

FOR SALE,

FINE Honey Dew Chewing TOBACCO,
Superior Havana CIGARS, and
Tobacco cut fine and put up for smoking.

Call and see it, I sell low for Cash.

J. E. PATTERSON.

October 29 1840. 22tf

LAND! LAND! LAND!

I NOW offer for sale a very valuable farm on the Eastern side of Cape Fear River in the county of Bladen, about 16 miles below the Town of Fayetteville, and immediately on the River. There are 760 acres of land (river survey,) and 12 acres of back land joining the same. About 250 acres were in cultivation the present year, and there are suitable buildings for the convenience of the farm. Persons are requested to examine the same before the crop is housed, as they can then judge properly of its production. It is unnecessary to say it is a first-rate farm, as all will be satisfied of that fact when they see it. Terms will be made to suit the convenience of the purchaser.

JOHN T. GILMORE.

Fayetteville, *Nov.* 4. 1840. 22-*tf.*

NEGRO KERSEYS.

67 PIECES KERSEYS, manufactured at the Phœnix Factory in this town.

Also a fresh supply of DRY GOODS, HATS, SHOES, &c. &c., now receiving per Steamer Henrietta and for sale by

H. & E. J. LILLY.

October 28, 1840. 21-4w

ANNUALS, &c.

THE TOKEN; Rose of Sharon; Friendship's Offering; Poetry of the Passions; Queen of Flowers, Flora's Lexicon.

—ALSO—

Thier's History of the French Revolution, 3 vols.; Franklin's Life and Writings, 2 vols.; Life and Travels of Mungo Park; The Sidereal Heavens, by Thos. Dick; Disordered Mental Action, by Upham; Life of Mrs. S. L. Smith, late of the Syrian Mission; Letters and Speeches of Lord Brougham; Howard Pinckney; Woman's Love; Bancroft's Life of Washington; ditto of Napoleon; Hannah More's Private Devotions; &c. &c. Just received by

E. J. HALE.

State of North Carolina,

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, October Term, 1840.

Lewis Parker, Adm'r of Joseph Parsons, deceased, *vs.*

Claiborn Calicoat and wife Sarah, Henry Parker and wife Nancy, the heirs at law of Polly, first wife of Henry Parker, Hector Megginson and wife Susan, James Bruton and wife Disey, Palestine, wife of Petitioner, James Parsons, and Nancy Parsons, widow of Joseph Parsons, deceased, heirs at law of Joseph Parsons, deceased.

[*Petition for an Order of Court for sale of the Lands belonging to the Estate of Joseph Parsons, dec'd.*]

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Claiborn Calicoat and wife Sarah, Henry Parker and wife Nancy, and the heirs at law of Polly, first wife of Henry Parker, (whose names and number are unknown,) and James Parsons, are not inhabitants of this State: It is ordered by the Court, That publication be made for six weeks in the Fayetteville Observer, for them to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held for our said County of Montgomery, at the Court House in Lawrenceville, on the first Monday of January next, then and there to shew cause (if any they have,) why the Petitioner shall not have Judgment entered up by this Court for the amount of his claim against the Estate, and why execution shall not issue and be levied on the lands of the deceased, and they sold for the satisfaction of his demands.

Witness, Nat. Knight, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the first Monday in October, 1840, and of American Independence the 65th year.

22] NAT. KNIGHT, *Clerk.*

For Sale,
PEA NUT SILK WORM EGGS,

PRICE 25 cents a thousand. Purchasers at a distance can have them sent by mail. Apply at this Office.

Fayetteville, Sept. 12, 1840. 15tf

☞ The Pea Nut Silk Worms are among the most valuable varieties. They consume less food than the common kinds. Their cocoons are remarkably firm and contain an unusual quantity of silk. The eggs advertised above are from a lot of eggs imported this season, that cost one dollar a thousand.

Life of Gen. Harrison,

JUST RECEIVED and for sale by

E. J. HALE.

Iredell's Digest.

A FEW copies for sale by

E. J. HALE.

Superior Mountain Butter.

THE Subscribers have just received a VERY SUPERIOR LOT OF BUTTER, from Grayson County, Virginia, which will be sold at a very small advance. C. J. & R. M. ORRELL.

October 27, 1840. 21tf

340 acres Land, at Auction.

PURSUANT to a decree of the Court of Equity of the County of Chatham, the subscriber has been appointed Commissioner to sell at Auction a tract of LAND in the county of Cumberland, containing 340 acres, more or less, known as the Tyrrell Land, near the Town of Fayetteville, lying on the East side of Cape Fear River, on both sides of Upper Lock's Creek. I will proceed to sell the above land at the Market House in Fayetteville, on Saturday the 12th day of December, 1840, on a credit of 6 and 12 months.

S. W. TILLINGHAST, *Commissioner.*

October 23. 1840. 21-tf

Notice

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that at the next General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, a bill will be introduced to obtain an act to extend the limits of the Town of Wadesborough, in Anson County.

October 15, 1840. 21-4w

CENSUS OF ROCKINGHAM.

The entire population of the county is stated by the marshal at 13,422, showing an increase of 487 since the census of 1830. The following (with the exception of some slight mistake made by us in copying) shows the numbers of the various classes of the population:

White Males,	4 241
" Females,	4,333
Free colored persons,	276
Slaves,	4,560

There are 3,543 persons employed in agriculture; 633 in manufactures and trades; 20 in commerce; 9 in the learned professions, and 7 in navigation on the river.

There are 10 academies and grammar schools, accommodating 244 scholars, and 10 primary schools, with 211 scholars.—(The common schools lately established by act of Assembly had not gone into operation when the census was taken.) The number of persons over 20 years of age who cannot read and write is 811. Pensioners, 15.

Agriculture.—The statistical information on the agricultural or farm productions of the county is as follows:

No. of Horses and Mules,		3.171
" Neat Cattle,		9.735
" Sheep,		6 157
" Swine,		30.074
" bushels Indian Corn,		431,085
" " Wheat,		61.015
" " Oats,		117 402
" " Rye,		4.805
" " Potatoes,		9.053
" lbs. Wool,		8 355
" " Wax,		481
" " Cotton, gathered,		23 947
" " Tobacco, "		1,777,205
" tons of Hay,		568
Estimated value of Poultry,		$8,106

It will be recollected that these estimates of the crops, &c., are made with reference to last year, and may be set down as the average annual products.—In addition to the above, the estimated value of the home-made or family goods is $38,011—showing that the substantial population of Rockingham "live within themselves."

Manufacturers.—There are 160 persons employed in the manufacture of tobacco; the capital invested is $49,408; value of the manufactured article, $83,820. One cotton factory, employing 40 persons, with 864 spindles in operation; capital invested, $40,000. There are 36 grist mills, 25 saw mills, 2 oil mills, and 13 flouring mills manufacturing 2,350 barrels of flour. Eight distilleries producing 13,550 gallons. There are also 5 tanneries in operation, with a large amount of capital; 85 persons employed in the manufacture of carriages and wagons,—with other manufacturers of lesser importance.

Mines.—There is 1 iron furnace, employing 4 persons, and producing 20 tons of iron. Of *anthracite coal* there were 50 tons (28 bushels to the ton) produced last year by 4 persons, and it is believed that a demand for this article would result in valuable discoveries along the Dan.

There are 18 retail stores, with an aggregate capital of $83,250.

Population of Charlotte.—The Deputy Marshal has furnished us with a statement of the population of our town. There are 548 white persons and 301 colored persons—total 849. There is one Bank Agent, 12 Stores, 4 Groceries, 3 Taverns, 1 Tannery, 1 Printing Office, 1 Weekly Paper, 1 Male and 1 Female Academy, 1 Common School, 2 Ministers, 6 Lawyers, 6 Doctors, 1 Banker, 10 Merchants, 18 Clerks, School Teachers, &c., 4 Miners, and 50 Mechanics. In 1830 we had a population of 717—increase 122. We understand that the county will be short about 2000 from the census of 1830.—*Charlotte Journal.*

The population of New York City is 313,629, an increase of 43,540 in five years, since the State Census in 1835. Of the whole population, 259 are deaf and dumb; 141 blind; and 191 insane. Only 6 persons over 100 years of age.

FROM THE HARRISBURG CHRONICLE, EXTRA.

HORRIBLE OUTRAGE AT THE POLLS.

An Editor nearly Murdered by Government Bullies while exercising the right of Suffrage.—We learn from a passenger who came in the cars from Lancaster last evening, that Cameron's infamous blood-hounds attacked R. W. Middleton, Esq., the independent editor of the Lancaster Examiner, while at the Polls, knocked him down, jumped upon him and cut his face in the most horrible manner, the flesh was cut nearly off both sides of his face, and left his cheek and jaw bones nearly bare.

Three physicians were in attendance, and fears were entertained for his safety. All this for daring to question the public acts of that greatest of ruffians and most infamous of men, JAMES CAMERON! When will this desperado meet the punishment which his crimes deserve! It is the duty of every citizen to help to bring this wretch to justice.

MORE PROSCRIPTION.

The Vicksburg Whig of the 15th ult. states that John R. Chiles, postmaster at Jackson, Mississippi, has been removed, and Howell Hobbs appointed in his place. Mr. Chiles is represented to be a very honest and capable man, and to have made the only good postmaster, with one exception, that has ever been at the head of the office in that place. But he had since his appointment deserted the Van Buren party, and determined to vote for the People's Candidate for the Presidency. And this, in the eyes of Van Buren democracy, is an offence that is never overlooked. In announcing his removal, the Whig makes the following pointed and correct remarks:

"This is his only sin—but this is the unpardonable one. All other offences might have been forgiven, but this one could not. He might have neglected the duties of his office and insulted the citizens who complained of it with impunity; he might have closed his doors and gone off on an electioneering tour without ever receiving even a reprimand from the Department; he might have violated his oath and forfeited his bond, but the matter would have been winked at and passed by in silence, provided he had only remained true to the party instead of being true to what he thought the interests of the country."

HALLO THERE! you man of the Franklin Review, away out in Tennessee, and you of the Temperance Advocate, and you of the Hamburg Journal, that always have such big corn, apples, potatoes, and the like—aye, and you of the Greensborough Patriot, with your large beet, listen here: P. H. Young, Esq., of Henderson county, has just sent to our office what he is pleased to call "A Hard-Cider Radish," which measures two feet in length and weighs six and three-quarter pounds!

Beat that, gentlemen, and we'll try again.

Highland Messenger.

Pretty considerable much of a large radish, that, it must be confessed, friend Messenger. Three advantageous circumstances, we allow, contributed to the "making" of this radish, all which we cannot boast of down in the plain country. First, it is a hard cider vegetable: we have that qualifier here; 2ndly, it had the great ancient State of Buncombe to grow in, consequently more elbow room as to territory; and 3dly, we guess an entire mountain was set apart as a radish hill for the special accommodation of this root! Didn't the place where it was pulled up from resemble the crater of Vesuvius? eh!

For our part we confess ourselves beaten by this egregious radish; yet we happen to have whereof to boast, with three big ears of corn and a superlative sweet potatoe. Mr. Hubbard gave us three ears of corn grown on old reclaimed land, each over a foot long, and the grains so large that they choked the chickens. Merely one of the grains was found to interfere sadly with the capacious "crowing" machinery of the old "Chapman" of the flock. Don't you wish you had one of our corn-ears in Buncombe, Mr. Messenger? you might shell one end of it and send it to mill, you know. It is said that you have such little, hard, seasoned, *slick nubbins* of corn in the mountains, that a mule has been known to break off his fore teeth in vain attempts, and then stand all night at the trough, with tears in his eyes, because he couldn't bite out a mouthful to appease his hunger!

Now for our potato:—It comes to us with the following endorsement, which will carry credence with it wherever the producer is known, "A Harrison Potato, raised by Thomas T. Hunt, a true Springfield Whig. Length ten and a half inches, circumference fifteen inches, weight four and a quarter pounds, when first taken up."

Having come emphatically to the very ROOT of the matter, we shall wind up this article and *begin* to "make demonstrations" upon friend Hunt's potato.

Greensborough Patriot.

Tender Avowal in the Way of Trade.—A young and pretty girl stepped into a store where a spruce young man, who had long been enamored, but dared not speak, stood behind the counter, selling dry goods. In order to remain as long as possible, she cheapened every thing. At last she said—

"I believe you think I am cheating you."

"Oh, no," said the youngster, "to me you are always *fair*."

"Well," whispered the lady, blushing as she laid an emphasis on the word, "I would not stay so long bargaining if you were not so *very dear*."

Abdication.—It is a rare event, says a contemporary, we have to chronicle the voluntary abdication of a reigning monarch. The king of Holland, preferring peace to power, has chosen to resign his crown; the possession of which was legally incompatible with an object he has long cherished,—marriage with an accomplished lady, who is also one of his subjects. Possibly, however, he has, if the saying of the wise man have truth, only laid aside one to take another and a better; for "a virtuous woman is a crown to her husband."—*Am. Sentinel.*

Female Piety.—The gem of all others which enriches the coronet of a lady's character is unaffected piety. Nature may lavish much on her person—the enchantment of her countenance—the grace of her mein, or the strength of her intellect, yet her loveliness is uncrowned, till piety throws around the whole the sweetness and power of her charms. She then becomes unearthly in desires and associations. The spell which bound her affections to the things below is broken, and she mounts on the silent wings of her fancy and hope to the habitation of God, where it is her delight to hold communion with the spirits that have been ransomed from the thraldom of earth and wreathed with a garland of glory.

Her beauty may throw a magical charm over many; princes and conquerors may bow with admiration at the shrine of her love; the sons of science may embalm her memory in the page of history—yet her piety must be her ornament, her pearl. Her name must be written in the "Book of Life," that when the mountains fade away, and every memento of earthly greatness is lost in the general wreck of nature, it may remain and swell the list of that mighty throng, which have been clothed with the mantle of righteousness, and their voice attuned to the melody of heaven.

With such a treasure every lofty gratification on earth may be purchased, friendships will be doubly sweet, pain and sorrow shall lose their sting, and the character who possess a price far "above riches," life will be but a pleasant visit to earth, and death the entrance upon a joyful and perpetual home. And when the notes of the last trump shall be heard, and sleeping millions awake to judgment, its possessor shall be presented "faultless before the throne of God with exceeding joy and a crown of glory that shall never wear away."

Such is piety. Like a tender flower, planted in the fertile soil of woman's heart, it grows, expanding its foliage and imparting its fragrance to all around, till it is set to bloom in perpetual vigor and unfading beauty in the paradise of God.

Follow this star, it will light you through every labyrinth of life—gild the gloom that will gather around you in a dying hour, and bring you safely over the tempestuous Jordan of death, into the haven of promise and settled rest.

The annexed exquisite little gem is from the pen of "Phazma," (Mr. Fields of the Picayune:—

Old Erin, green Erin has scattered [illegible]
Wit, poetry, wisdom, and music an[illegible]
The Emerald ever, though chained [illegible]
Yields lustre to brighten the climes [illegible]
Her statesmen, her warriors, patriot[illegible]
And her prophets find honor in every land;
While Erin, poor Erin, still set in the foam
Of old ocean, yet weeps 'neath despotic command.
She's the birth place of genius, but never the home;
She still rocks the cradle, but builds not the dome;
Ever, like the green jewel, dispensing her rays,
Though a diadem slave for a conqueror's gaze.
Yet proud and yet bright shall thy destiny be,
First flower of the earth, and first gem of the sea!"

Definition of Cherub.—A lady (married of course) was once troubled with a squalling brat, whom she always addressed as "my CHERUB." Upon being asked why she gave it that appellation, she replied—"Because it is derived from *cherubim*, and the Bible says, the cherubims *continually do cry*." Good, that.

Good Children.—An unbreeched urchin, not quite three years old, said to his sister, while munching a piece of gingerbread—"Sissy, take half ub dis cake to keep till arternoon, when I get cross!" This is rather better than the story of the child who bellowed from the top of the stairs "Ma, ma, Hannah won't pacify me!"

Extraordinary Yield.—A gentleman of this town informs us that he raised this season on one-fourth of an acre and from one peck of seed, 40 bushels of Sweet potatoes, (measured.) They are what is called the Yam potato. Thirty made a bushel.

Charlotte Journal.

Conflagration of the Stars.—During the last two or three centuries, upwards of fifteen hundred fixed stars have disappeared. One of them, situated in the Northern Hemisphere, presented a peculiar brilliancy, and was so bright as to be seen by the naked eye at mid-day. It seemed to be on fire, appearing at first of a dazzling white, then of a redish yellow, and lastly of an ashy pale color. La Place supposes that it was burnt up, as it has never been seen since. The conflagration was visible [illegible] months. How dreadful! A whole system on fire, the great central luminary and planets with their plains, mountains, [illegible] villages, and inhabitants all in the consumed and gone forever.

Operation for Squinting.—This delicate operation was successfully performed on a young lady on Saturday last in the presence of Drs. Wilkes, Coxe and Hosack, by Dr. Carnochan of this city. The operation consisted in dividing the *internal-rectus muscle* of the eye, a contracted state of which produces the deformity. The division of the muscle was no sooner made than the eye took a straight and proper position in the socket and the patient's expression was immediately and favorably changed. Dr. C. has also operated with success for *club-foot* in the adult. This gentleman merits high praise for his dexterity.—*Phil. U. S. Gaz*

A Pleasant Town.—The Michigan Advocate, published at Jackson, says—"We have in this village one distillery in operation, and one in the progress of erection; one ball alley, three billiard rooms, fifteen places for retailing spiritous liquors, and the State prison!"

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS.

FROM THE NEW YORK AMERICAN.

THE EMPIRE STATE.

Casts out her recreant son, and, by a voice of TEN THOUSAND at least, condemns its measures and supplants his power.

The West—the free, truly republican West—has largely counterbalanced the effect, in the River Counties, of intrigue, corruption, conspiracy, appeals to Dutch sympathies in favor of Van Buren and Bouck, and the more unpardonable appeals to foreigners *as such*, to overthrow the institutions of this noble land.

Well, well, indeed, may the glorious West rejoice in this its peculiar honor, that there first began that unfaltering opposition to the corrupt rule of the party now in power, which, persevered in through good report and evil report, undiscouraged by defeat elsewhere, undismayed, consistent, patient, and resolute, has finally triumphed—triumphed completely, both in the State and the Union.

Honor and thanks, then, to the Glorious West. Nor must we omit thanks and gratulation to Saratoga, Washington and Essex, where we have largely gained.

We carry the Harrison Electoral Ticket—we carry the Governor and Lt. Governor—we carry four out of the eight Senators, making the Senate stand 21 Whig to 11 Loco Foco—we carry the Assembly by a majority of from two to six.

GLORY ENOUGH FOR ONE STATE!

Martin Van Buren and his Native State.—In 1835, the State of New York, anxious to do honor to one of her citizens, gave Martin Van Buren her Electoral vote by a majority of twenty-eight thousand two hundred and seventy-two! After a period of four years during which he has been at the head of the nation, the people of his native State have again been called upon to give him their confidence and support; and the result is, that he has been declared unworthy of his station, and an enemy to the welfare of the Republic, by a majority of more than ten thousand of the very people who only four years since gave him a majority of 28,272!! Let the advocates of corrupt and unprincipled politicians, and demagogues who dare to trample upon the rights of the people, bear in mind this rebuke of a prodigate and unscrupulous high public functionary. The history of the United States can furnish no such instance of an unworthy public servant being thus severely rebuked by his fellow citizens.—*N. Y. Courier and Enq.*

THE PRESIDENTIAL QUESTION SETTLED.

It has pleased the Almighty to give to the oppressed people of this misgoverned and suffering country a victory over their weak and wicked rulers. The news of yesterday, by announcing the glorious triumph in New York, and that Pennsylvania, too, has finally thrown her weight into the Whig scale, has decided the contest, and sealed the fate of the Administration. The reign of incompetency, imposture, and corruption, is at length arrested, and the country redeemed. An Administration which one might almost suppose had said to itself "Evil be thou my good," has fallen before the power of an aroused and intelligent people. Most heartily do we congratulate every long-struggling patriot throughout the land on this great and happy event; and when we cast a glance at what would have been the awful condition of the country had the power of the Government been continued and confirmed in the present weak and wicked hands, we shudder at the view, and fervently unite with every patriotic heart in praise and gratitude to the Almighty Disposer of events for vouchsafing to exempt our beloved country from a calamity and from consequences so dreadful, and for giving to us, in the auspicious change he has granted, a confident hope of renovated prosperity and happiness for the country, and of restored respectability, purity, and dignity to its government.

National Intelligencer.

NEW JERSEY AND ITS SEAL.

The decided and emphatic expression of public feeling in this State pleases us more than any victory we have won. The re-election of the very six members by about 2300 majority, whom the Administration party in the House by force and fraud excluded from their places, is a noble vindication of State pride and State right by one of the sovereign members of the confederacy. The lesson it teaches the Federal Government, that this pride cannot be outraged, and these rights violated with impunity, is a salutary lesson, such as will have its effect hereafter in the settlement of contested seats in the House of Representatives.

It is probable that party spirit never went so far before among public men sworn to support the constitution, as when they shut out from the House five of the six Whig members from New Jersey. The wrong was such, if not the unconstitutionality of the act, that the Whig Governor and Whig Legislature would have been justified in principle in a resort to extreme measures of defence, upon the ground at least, that where there was no representation there should be no taxation, but they wisely deemed it best to abide the verdict of the people, and to commit their wrongs to the redress of time. In making that appeal, interest was imparted to it by the appearance before the People of the same parties, upon whose case the House of Representatives had adjudicated. The candidates for Congress on both sides were the same persons that appeared at Washington. The men of the Administration had urged on Congress, that the popular will of New Jersey was, that *they* should represent the People there, but when an appeal was taken to that popular will, the Whig members are sent back by a great majority for so small a State. The broad seal of New Jersey was assailed and ridiculed in Congress, and by none more than the men who claimed exclusively to represent the State, but upon that seal the People now, and with an emphasis too, have affixed their stamp such as will make it respected through all time.

If the men of the Administration believed what they preach; if their *democracy* was a belief in the Government of the People; if indeed they had any respect for popular rights, and the principle of representation, they would not now, they could not, go back to Washington, the coming winter, and usurp places they cannot well pretend to be theirs.—*N. Y. Express.*

From the National Intelligencer.

TRIUMPH OF TRUTH OVER ERROR.

The long agony is over: the reign of misrule, folly, corruption, and terror is at an end: the incubus has been removed, and the nation will be again restored to its pristine vigor, healthfulness, and purity. What a debt of gratitude do we owe the Great Disposer of human destinies, and how deeply should we feel the blessing he has thus, in his Divine mercy, vouchsafed to bestow upon us. Nothing but the Divine interposition of the Almighty has saved a suffering People from the evils and misery they have so long endured, and which have been brought upon them by the prodigacy and wretched fatuity of those who have been placed in power. The Government was verging rapidly to a confirmed despotism, and the country had reached the very brink of ruin and bankruptcy. Power had blinded our rulers; the Deity seemed to have given them up to blindness of mind and hardness of heart, till they had the madness to conceive they were omnipotent, and could commit any outrage and folly they pleased with entire impunity. Every step they took was a blunder, and every act was one of oppression, folly, or madness. The whole country was afflicted with a horrid paralysis, and men began to despair of the Republic. The history of the past twelve years will be read with gloom and sorrow by the future patriot of this country, and posterity will wonder why an intelligent People had so quietly and so long submitted to the destructive and outrageous policy of men whose whole political career was a tissue of abominations, and whose acts proved them to be not only imbecile, but, in a high degree, corrupt and prodigate. The Almighty inflicted upon us this curse for our transgressions, that we might repent of them in sackcloth and ashes. We have been, indeed, purified by suffering, and let us return thanks to that great and glorious Being who has brought us at last out of our tribulations, and placed the nation once more in a position calculated to confer happiness and prosperity upon the People. The dark cloud has been dissipated, and the light of Heaven is again let in upon our fortunes. Let us rejoice, and express our deep-felt gratitude to the Almighty. One day of thanksgiving should be set apart throughout the whole land, for the blessing thus bestowed upon us by a kind and beneficent Providence.

"Blessed be the Lord God, who only doeth wondrous things. And blessed be his glorious name forever, and let the whole earth be filled with his glory. Amen and amen."

W.

Facts to be noted.—Gen. Harrison will carry his own State by at least 25 or 30,000 majority.

Kentucky and Indiana, which next to his own State, are best acquainted with his publications, character and services, will give him overwhelming majorities.

Charles City county, Va. the birth-place both of Harrison and Tyler, gives them a majority of 150 out of 288 votes.

In Williamsburg, James City, Warwick, York, and Northampton, (in the former of which John Tyler resides,) the vote in favor of the Whig ticket is nearly unanimous.

Hamilton county Ohio, the residence of Gen. Harrison, (including Cincinnati,) has for the first time in many years given a Whig majority.

Now per contra.

Albany, where Mr. Van Buren long resided, and in the neighborhood of his birth-place, gives a decided majority against him; and the State of New York, in despite of State pride & local feeling, goes against him.

Kentucky, by an overwhelming majority, gives her voice against R. M. Johnson, the Loco Foco candidate (if there be any) for the Vice Presidency.

And Davidson county, Tennessee, has for years past, gone in opposition to General Jackson.

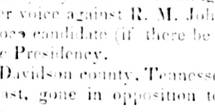
We appeal to the jury of the vicinage.

Lynchburg Virginian.

Salt River.—The following information from the Philadelphia United States Gazette is important to a great number of our citizens: "We are happy to state to our Van Buren brethren that the navigation of Salt river is in excellent order—the whole stream perfectly *boatable*. We found it very pleasant coming *down* a few days since; and we doubt not that, all things considered, the upward navigation will be safe. As it regards the settlement, we may say, from many years residence, that it is comfortable and *retired*. The quarters which our party occupied—a party proverbial for making themselves comfortable—will be opened to the Van Buren men, and we commend to them that agreeable philosophy which we learned and practised in those green retreats; and, as it regards our future movements, we say that, having rowed up the Salt river our opponents, we reserve the same canoe for ourselves whenever our country's cause shall so need our rowing up."

FOR SALT RIVER,

KINDERHOOK AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS.



THE STEAMBOAT VAN BUREN,

ONLY FOUR YEARS OLD,

COMMANDANT, AMOS KENDALL,

Will leave on the 4th of March next, for *Salt River* via *Kinderhook*.

For Freight or Passage apply at the *White House*, Washington City, or at the Captain's office.

N. B.—All Baggage, Extra Globes, and Glentworth Papers, at the risk of the owners.

Hypocrites will be in attendance to amuse the passengers, free of charge.

B. F. Butler, Jesse Hoyt, Recorder Morris, F. P. Blair, and other choice spirits, it is expected, will be among the forward deck passengers. ☞ *Gold and Silver only received for passage.*

The Men we have put down.—As the first Ward Poll was closing on the day of our Election, there were several of the so called Spartan Band hanging about, one of whom cried out—

"Three cheers for Richard M. Johnson," which were loudly given. Another then cried out,—

"Three cheers for Jesus Christ!" which were given more loudly than ever, when the Party dispersed, after giving "three cheers for the Spartan Band."

This is the very body of men that cheered the Journal of Commerce, and whom Mr. Butler addressed on his steps on the night previous to the Election, assuring them that in such hands the liberties of our country were safe!

Of these facts, there is not the least doubt, and they can be substantiated by a great many witnesses.—*New York Express.*

The whigs of Alexandria have resolved to have a Great Jubilee and Illumination, in honor of the Triumph of the people and the election of William Henry Harrison and John Tyler as President and Vice President of the United States. Thursday the 19th inst. is set apart for the purpose, and G. W. Custis, Esq. is to deliver an address. Other orators are also invited to participate.

The people of Washington and Georgetown, and the surrounding counties in Virginia and Maryland, and all others are invited to partake of the hospitality of Alexandria on that day. The last resolution expresses the character of the "welcome."

8th. That the Whigs of Alexandria will, each and all, on that occasion, have WELCOME on their doors and "the string of the latch outside," and they will spend the day in the most free interchange of congratulations, and they expect their friends from every city, town, county and State in the country, who may honor them with their presence, to be AT HOME.

Richmond Whig.

"Now we shall see a new Protective Tariff attempted to be put upon us, for the purpose of supplying the vacuum in the National Treasury. Let those, who bring upon us these consequences, be held answerable for them."—*Empiree.*

There *is* a "*vacuum* in the National Treasury," then.—We are thankful for the concession, at this late day. Mr. Van Buren and Mr. Woodbury told us twelve months ago, that the national fise was in a highly prosperous condition—and never, till now, did Ritchie give an intimation to the contrary. But truth will out at last. The Treasury is empty—entirely so—if we understand the meaning of *vacuum*. We apprehend, it is 15 or 20 millions *minus!* The deficiency will be still farther increased before March, if those who created the vacuum, are entitled to commendation, and those who have to supply it, to censure. There is no foretelling the extent of the depredations which will be committed during the next six months; and it is not impossible, nor improbable, but that General Harrison will find a national debt of 10 millions—the only fruit of this wise, patriotic and economical Administration!

How is this vacuum to be supplied? It must be done by taxation in some form or other—either by duties or by direct taxes—and the money must come out of the pockets of the people. The people in paying it, either in the one mode or the other, will not forget those, whose prodigality and peculation entailed the debt upon them.

Richmond Whig.

The complexion of the Globe has improved decidedly since Blair's departure for Cuba. It is supposed that Kendall accompanied his friend *incog.* It would not be surprising if Van and his Cabinet, as well as a large portion of his office-holders, follow in their footsteps before the 4th of March.—Some of them may attend Gen. Jackson on his promised pilgrimage to the Deserts of Arabia.—*Richmond Whig.*

The meeting between Mr. Calhoun and Mr. Van Buren will be delightful. Wonder which will feel the cheapest!—*Ib.*

We have heard rumors of awful apprehensions in the bosoms of some Custom House officers. We hope their accounts are O. K. (Oll Korrect) for their situation is already O. K. (Orfully Kriticle.)

L. I. Star.

Justice.—A few weeks since, Mr. Ritchie, of the Inquirer, stated that the President had no fears for the result of the election, and that he had seen a letter from him, saying that he, the President, had implicit and unwavering confidence that the People of the United States would in the approaching contest do him ample justice. The result is now known, and the People have awarded to him "ample justice," by consigning him to the shades of retirement at Kinderhook.

South Carolina Senator.—As Mr Calhoun's term of service, as United States Senator, will expire on the 4th of March next, the ensuing Legislature will of course, have to fill the vacancy.—Some doubt has been expressed, whether Mr. Calhoun will consent to continue longer in public life. If this surmise is well founded, there will, doubtless, be a number of candidates for the vacancy; as we have a host of fierce patriots, ambitious of serving the State in any capacity to which honor and emolument are attached.—*South Carolina Chronicle.*

The North American in an article referring to Amos Kendall's ravings in the Washington Globe, says:

"It ascribes the success of the whigs throughout the country to bribery, or, in other words—so many of its own party have sold themselves to the Whigs that they have been able to carry the election by overpowering majorities in almost every State.—*When a party has become so corrupt that it can, as the Globe asserts, be bought over in such immense masses, it is evidently no longer fit to be entrusted with the administration of the government.*

Unfair.—The Loco Focos have been making use of a very unfair and villainous argument in Kentucky. They tell the freemen that if Harrison is elected, *Blair and Kendall will come back to Kentucky.* The Whigs should reply by saying they are much more likely to go to Texas.

Annual Meeting.—The annual meeting of the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road Company was held in this place on the 9th instant.

Dr. Pleasonton Sugg, of Edgecombe, was appointed Chairman, and Mr. C. C. Batle and Henry Nutt, Secretaries.

Nine thousand one hundred and forty shares of stock were represented; of which the State owned 6,000 shares, and 3,140 were owned by individuals.

Dr. John Hill appeared as the State's proxy. We will lay the report of the President and Directors before our readers as soon as it can be obtained. We learn that it is contemplated to memorialize the Legislature for the loan of $300,000, or for the State credit to that amount.

The same President and Board of Directors has been elected.

The meeting adjourned on the 9th.

Wilmington Advertiser.

At an early hour of last Friday morning, the inhabitants of our town were startled from their slumbers by a very loud report as of a heavy piece of ordnance. Various conjectures were had about it, when daylight revealed the fact, that an attempt was made to blow up the Log Cabin erected by the Whigs on Market street, by means of a keg of powder placed under the floor, from the outside, with a train leading off some distance in the rear. It proved an unsuccessful experiment, for only a part of the door was torn up, the benches thrown down, and a board or two from the roof knocked off. Considerable damage was done to the windows of buildings in the vicinity. It would be unjust to suppose that the conception or commission of the malicious act is imputable to the Van Buren party, as a body. On the contrary, we take pleasure in stating, that many members of it evinced a laudable desire to discover the miscreant who perpetrated the offence, and who, to gratify a spirit of furious malice against political opponents, would set fire to a town.

Wilmington (N. C.) Chronicle.

NATIONAL FINANCES.

For the last four years the expenditures of the Federal Government have exceeded the revenue some $6,000,000 yearly. The excess has been supplied by borrowing on Treasury notes, and the Government now is in debt $5,600,000, besides spending its property in the United States Bank, and the fourth instalment of the surplus revenue, making together $17,000,000. The following is a table of the receipts and expenditures, with the receipts from the public lands, and the payment on account of the public debt:

Receipts and Expenditures of the Federal Government from 1829 to 1839.

	RECEIPTS.		EXPENDITURES.	
	Lands.	*Total Rev.*	*Public Debt.*	*Total.*
1829	1 517 175	24 199 140	12 383 867	25 035 225
1830	2,520 356	25 251 747	11 365 118	24 585 281
1831	3 210 815	28 435 256	16 174 378	20 038 161
1832	2 624 431	32,089 468	17 840 569	31,354 443
1833	3 059 682	33 092 190	1 543 513	23 593 895
1834	488 620	16 703 576	6,176,565	24 597 032
1835	18 751,600	98 142 710	58 191	17 098 171
1836	24,500 000	47 969 949		29 682 626
1837	6 776 236	23 499,981	21 922	31 815 409
1838	3 136 928	38 127 951	5 605,720	30 628 632
1839	5 000 000	28,780,009	8 450 250	30,500 000

The Government spent since 1835, beyond its means, as above stated, $22,000,000. The receipts from the lands since 1822, when the land bill was rejected, have been $61,337,197. Had this resource been cut off from the Government, and the distribution act fully carried out there would now inevitably have been a national debt of $86,000,000. The expenditures of the past year have exceeded the receipts, 10,000,000, and the new administration will come into power with a debt of $15,000,000 on their hands, and the principal resource on which they are to rely, after the reduction of the tariff in 1841 and 1842, when it will reach its lowest point, is the proceeds of the public lands.

The Philadelphia Inquirer has an estimate that as large an amount as $500,000 was lost in that city and New York by the reprehensible practice of betting on the elections.

The Abolition Ticket—In Extensive Business.—The Philadelphia Inquirer thinks it probable that 500 votes were polled in Pennsylvania, on the 30th, for the Abolition Ticket. In Philadelphia City and County that ticket received 107, in Dauphin 47, Cumberland 3, Adams 1, Lancaster 3, Chester 25, Bradford 60, Beaver 20, and Susquehanna 31.

Political Abolition.—It is calculated that James G. Birney, the abolition candidate for the Presidency, received about 400 votes in Ohio, and about 500 in Pennsylvania. In this city he received 140, and in the State at large, including the city, perhaps 1000. We think it possible he may have received in the whole country, an aggregate of 5000 votes.—*N. Y. Sun.*

DELAWARE.

"Not having heard any thing from this State which voted the 10th inst, we conclude that the Federalists have *pocketed it.*"

Such is the language of the Globe in speaking of one of the noblest little States of this Confederacy. If she is the smallest of the family, she has just claims to be regarded as the pet, at all events. Besides, there is one thing which Delaware can say that cannot be said by any other State: *she has a House of Representatives, wholly, totally, thoroughly, and absolutely Whig.* There is not a Van Burenite in it. Let any other State, that can, put forth a prouder boast.

The Extra Globe has been discontinued and Mr. Kendall has issued proposals to publish a new paper, to be called Kendall's Expositor.

An old man who had been dreadfully *henpecked* all his life, was visited on his death bed by a clergyman.

The old man appeared very indifferent, and the parson endeavored to arouse him by talking of the King of Terrors! "Hout, tout, mon, I'm no scar't. The King of Terrors! I've been living sax and thretty years with the Queen of them, and the King canna be muckle waur."

Communication.

FOR THE OBSERVER.

Mr. Hale: Since the election of General Harrison has become certain, our Van Buren brethren have taken a great fright about our liberty.

Having a sort of prophetic vision before their eyes, we hear them cry out that our sun (and sometimes our star) of liberty has set to rise no more.

Who are they more than the Whigs, that they carry the Amulet to preserve us from disunion and slavery?

It has come to a pretty pass indeed, if this whole nation, almost to a man, can't stand up and declare that they will be *free*, without losing their liberty. It would seem, from what is asserted, that this people was to be governed by Mr. Van Buren and his party forever, or not be free. I, for one, say if this Union can't be preserved without Martin Van Buren being at the head of it, let it be dissolved.

Since the failure of that party to batten any longer on the spoils of the country, they have become great astronomers. We hear them talk about the sun and the stars with as much familiarity as Sir W. Herschel did.

We know very well that the sun of our liberty has behaved himself very well so far, and hope he may a good while longer; but if he should take it into his head to go down, we will call on some Joshua of that party to stay his speed. As for the star of liberty, we will watch it also. We don't think any of the stars or suns have gone down to stay long. It may be that the Dog star will not be in the ascendant again until some time next summer, when we shall see the canine species as rabid as *they* have been for ten days back.

The only star of which I have taken any notice lately, has been so uneasy, and has described so eccentric an orbit, that it were hard to pronounce whether it were a star or a comet. The reason of my not being able to distinguish, was an elongated shape of the face, or a tail, I did not know which.

I have heard of a man who took a telescope to look at the sun, and seeing an animal, thought it a horse on the disc of that body, but on close examination found a *Louse* upon his eyelash.

We think if these star and sun gazers will examine closely, they will find that it is not the sun and the star of liberty, but *their eyes* that "*is sot.*"

Or it may be that we mistake their meaning: it may be "*our Globe*" and its *Extra*, or satellite, what has sot. There is one thing very certain—if they will, on some pretty fair night, go out and look up to the signs of the Zodiac, they will find little Martin put down on that sign called cancer or crab—an animal what is going backward.

W.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Nov. 7.

Indian Murders.—Lieut. Judd, with Mr. Fernando Falany, and 3 Dragoons, on Sunday morning last left Fort Searle for this city. Near the 8 mile post they were fired upon by a party of Indians who were concealed in the bushes alongside the road. The Sergeant and one private were killed, and Mr. Falany and one private severely wounded. Lt. Judd escaped miraculously. He rode with the wounded men a short distance on, when the soldier fell exhausted, and Lt. J. dismounted, dragged him off the road and concealed him among some bushes. Mr. Falany was wounded in the shoulder—the ball lodging in the arm.

The bodies were much disfigured, and that of the Sergeant decapitated and the head carried off.

The wounded man it is thought will recover.

The place of the Indian talk is transferred from Tampa to Fort King. Micanopy and several chiefs, with Abram, the interpreter, it is said, will be present.—*Ibid.*

OFFICE OF THE NEWS, }
St. Augustine, Nov. 8—12 o'clock, M. }

Information has been received in this city from Fort Reid, on the St. Johns, that Col. W. S. Harney, 2d Dragoons, had captured twelve Indians, consisting of women and children, last week, in that neighborhood. He took from them about 50 blankets, some perfectly new, and a number of pieces of calico, homespun, &c. This plunder is no doubt some that was taken when Indian Key was destroyed by the wretches. *Wild Cat*, and his party, are still in this neighborhood, and committing depredations daily.

Fort Hanson, about fifteen miles from this city, was burnt about three days ago. The troops that were garrisoning it (volunteers,) had not left it but a few hours, before it was burnt. There were eight distinct tracks discovered around the Fort by the scout who discovered that the place was burnt. One of the tracks was that of a negro, and very large. It is the same party that are daily murdering our people about here, headed by *Wild Cat*, alias *Coa-coo-hee!*

NEW YORK, November 9.

The steam-packet President, which sailed hence for Liverpool on the 2d instant with between sixty and seventy passengers, returned to-day, on account of a want of coal. Since leaving port she has experienced a continued gale of wind, and was compelled to lie to for four days, at the expiration of which the amount of coal on hand not being thought sufficient for the voyage, she put away for New York.

The return of the President will be a serious disappointment not only to passengers, but to those who made remittances by her, as the amount of bills on board for Europe is very large.

Steamboat Explosion.—The steamboat Le Roy exploded her boiler on the 25th ult., near Apalachicola, by which the following persons were killed:

Daniel Rowlett, passenger.
Washington Smith, master.
John Ashton, engineer.
Pressly Hicks, fireman.
John Waller, do.
Henry Carter, a free mulatto, steward.

Fortunately, there were not many passengers on board; otherwise the disaster would have been still more melancholy. The Le Roy was owned by the mail contractors on the great Southern route, Messrs. Hopkins and Stockton.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE:

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1840.

NORTH CAROLINA ELECTION.

The Whigs of the Old North State have nobly sustained themselves in the late struggle. We never doubted that they would do so; but we do not the less rejoice that the trial it past, and that we have now a record of a glorious victory. The following are the returns, as far as received, compared with the Gubernatorial vote of August:—

	August. *Morch'd.*	*Saund.*	November. *Hor.*	*W. B.*
Anson,	1100	422	1194	395
Ashe,	501	534	120 [illegible]	
Bladen,	329	451	346	54
Beaufort,	483	408	111 [illegible]	
Camden,	526	91	500 [illegible]	
Chatham,	1075	663	1124	670
Columbus,	242	288	264	3[illegible]
Cumberland,	621	952	612	950
Calaraus,	840	375	891	354
Craven,	671	643	666	5[illegible]
Chowan,	292	203	175	[illegible]
Davidson,	1469	470	1430	[illegible]
Davie,	668	247	670	[illegible]
Edgecombe,	111	1298	155	1[illegible]
Franklin,	383	636	374	6[illegible]
Guilford,	2211	469	2290	8[illegible]
Granville,	873	760	933	[illegible]
Gates,	381	392		[illegible]
Greene,	3 8	251	8[illegible]	
Halifax,	622	446	604	[illegible]
Hertford,	594	531	197	[illegible]
Johnston,	549	617	597	5[illegible]
Lenoir,	264	386		[illegible]
Montgomery,	1162	139	1126	1[illegible]
Moore,	560	517	529	5[illegible]
Mecklenburg,	984	1294	1000	1[illegible]
Northampton,	513	519	197	[illegible]
Orange,	1662	1349	1639	1[illegible]
Pitt,	625	519	627	3[illegible]
Perquimons,	494	124	495	[illegible]
Pasquotank,	660	222	572	[illegible]
Rockingham,	533	1000	501	9[illegible]
Richmond,	672	79	820	1[illegible]
Robeson,	601	508	770	5[illegible]
Randolph,	1287	349	1072	[illegible]
Rowan,	954	627	944	5[illegible]
Surry,	1180	984	5[illegible]	
Stokes,	1163	1190	1[illegible]	
Sampson,	472	723	553	7[illegible]
Wake,	1630	1157	1024	1[illegible]
Wayne,	262	777	306	5[illegible]
Warren,	88	765	105	7[illegible]
	29,695	24,209	25,934	15,[illegible]

Whig Gains.—In Anson 121, Ashe 153 [illegible] 54, Bertie 96, Chatham 83, Camden 65, Pasq. Davidson 111, Guilford 144, Granville 42, Gates Halifax 87, Hertford 24, Johnston 96, Montgomery 68 Northampton 145, Orange 78, Pitt 126, Perquimons 92, Pasquotank 94, Richmond 125, Robeson 10, Randolph 136, Rowan 113, Rockingham 3[illegible] Sampson 63, Surry 232, Stokes 175, Wayne 5[illegible] Wake 4, Craven 98, Chowan 83, Greene 53, Warren 92.—Total 3 232.

Van Buren gains.—Cumberland 17, Columbus 7, Franklin 62, Lenoir 14, Moore 12, Mecklenburg 1[illegible] Warren 32, Edgecombe 57.—Total 248.

Net Whig gain in 42 counties, 2954. [illegible] counties to be heard from. As Morehead's majority was 8,680, and we have already gained 2954, we may very safely put down North Carolina among the list of "*vine tained*" States. The majority will probably be over 12,000.

This (Mr. Deberry's) Congressional district has done nobly. We have a majority of nearly two to one, as follows:—

	Har.	*V. B.*	*H. maj.*
Anson,	1194	395	799
Moore,	529	488	31
Montgomery,	1136	105	1031
Richmond,	820	102	718
Robeson,	579	506	73
Cumberland,	612	950	[illegible]
	4870	2556	2672
			388
			2314

A gain of 336 since the August election.

THE LEGISLATURE OF NORTH CAROLINA assembled at Raleigh on Monday last. We learn that Col. Andrew Joiner, Whig, the Senator from Halifax county, was re-elected Speaker of the Senate, by 27 votes to 21 for Lewis D. Wilson, Edgecombe. Mr. Stone of Franklin, and B. [illegible] Miller, Esq. of Raleigh, were re-elected Principal and Reading Clerks of the Senate, without opposition.

In the House of Commons, Wm. A. Graham, Esq. Whig, of Orange, was re-elected Speaker, and Charles Manly and Edmund B. Freeman, Esqrs. of Raleigh, Clerks, all without opposition.

We cannot expect to receive Gov. Dudley's Message earlier than Thursday or Friday, as it is not delivered on Wednesday.

P. S.—Nothing done yesterday except to receive the resignations of Messrs. Brown and Strange, and ballot for Engrossing Clerks.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

	Morch'd.	*Saund.*	*Harrison.*	*V. B.*
Fayetteville,	266	302	271	311
Vann's,	63	29	60	32
Flea Hill,	50	56	52	50
Averasborough,	79	60	70	61
Gregory's,	14	95	17	105
McRae's,	17	100	21	106
Barbacue,	31	76	27	82
McLean's,	27	51	26	52
J. Monroe's,	3	51	6	49
Smith's,	10	46	7	48
A. Monroe's,	33	44	32	3[illegible]
Newberry's,	28	42	23	36
	621	952	612	950

The Tippecanoe Club held its last meeting [illegible] an overflowing one, graced by the presence of numerous Ladies, on Wednesday evening last. Archibald A. T. Smith, Esq. opened the discussion of the evening, with a congratulatory speech on the certainty that the "reign of terror" was about to close. He was followed by John D. Eccles, Esq. in a brilliant speech, abounding with wit and sarcasm. Judge Winslow, Esq. the President of the Club, then delivered a brief valedictory, and adjourned the Club *sine die.*

SPECIAL ELECTION.—Col. John W. Covington was, on Thursday last, elected a member of the House of Commons from Richmond County, vice George Thomas, Esq. resigned. Col. C. has already taken his seat.

Editorial Correspondence of the Observer.

"*Lawrenceville, Nov.* 13.

"The returns from old Montgomery are most glorious. Harrison runs ahead of Morehead, and Van behind Saunders. The result in 7 precincts, is, for Harrison 617, Van 51. 8 precincts to hear from.—Harrison, as your correspondent in the last Observer says, will get near 1200, Van 80 or 90. *We go for the ship.*

N. B.—Still further returns. In 6 precincts Van's name has not blacked the board. All, all Whig."

"*Morren, (Anson,) Nov.* 14.

"I suppose you wish to hear from old Anson!—Well, she has thundered, and the result is, for Harrison and Tyler 1194, and for the Negro Witness candidate 395. We hoped to reach 1200, but some careless Whigs left the county for the Fair, & some were sick. I suppose at least 50 were kept away by different causes. I can count 6 in my neighborhood. At this place we gave Harrison 104, Van 12, and 4 of these were from other beats.

The Vans began crowing largely when the Standard came to hand on Wednesday, but they can't crow today. There are many *little* tricks of the Vans I should like to notice, but am in too good humor and spirits to write about them. Huzza for Harrison and Tyler!"

"*Wadesborough, Nov.* 19.

"Annexed I send you the vote polled in this county at the several precincts, being a much larger vote than perhaps ever given.

	Harrison.	*Van Buren.*
Wadesborough,	210	25
Beverly's,	44	48
Sharp's,	31	0
Clark's,	79	1
Morven,	104	12
Smith's,	130	14
Diamond Hill,	36	25
Cedar Hill,	58	18
Ratcliff's,	43	4
Lanesborough,	80	13
Meltonsville,	100	33
Burnesville,	89	16
Grassy Creek,	9	72
Hamilton's,	34	37
Gordon's,	29	4
Beaver Dam,	29	7
Rogers's,	46	24
Bevins',	43	10
	1194	395

"*Rockingham, Nov.* 13.

"Below you will find the official returns from each precinct in Richmond County, for President and Vice President of the U. S., and also for a member of the Legislature, to fill the vacancy occastoned by the resignation of George Thomas, Esq. The candidates were Col. John W. Covington and James L. Terry, Esq. (both Whigs.)

	Harrison.	*V. B.*	*Covington.*	*Terry.*
Steele's,	92	5	87	6
Fur Ground,	94	18	69	35
Black Jack,	51	7	47	6
Rockingham,	139	16	85	45
Wolf Pit,	39	2	36	2
Williamson's,	68	2	58	9
Laurel Hill,	276	44	159	37
Shewartsville,	50	1	49	0
McPherson's,	11	7	7	9
	820	102	597	149
	102		149	
Majorities,	718		448	

You will see that our county has given an increase of about 150 since the August election. It is attributable, I think, to the great excitement, and to the popularity of Old Tippecanoe. We think there is some chance of our getting the *Prize Ship.*

A Revolutionary Soldier, aged 82, voted at a precinct in this neighborhood, for the first time in his life for President and Vice President. He voted for Old Tip. *Old and young turned out. We all turned out.* We have had several changes from Locofocoism since August. "*Crow, Chapman, crow!*"

"*Lumberton, Nov.* 14.

I send you the official return of the Robeson county election:—

	Harrison.	*Van Buren.*
Lumberton,	63	239
Red Banks,	86	10
Sterling's Mills,	27	46
McPhaul's Mills,	119	76
White House,	45	56
Alfordsville,	184	2
St. Paul's,	55	77
	579	506
Majority,	73	

"*Carthage, Nov.* 13.

OLD MOORE O. K.

I hasten to send you the Return for the County of Moore, as follows:—

	Harrison.	*Van Buren.*
Carthage,	91	134
River,	40	23
Arnold's,	30	43
Black's, or Pocket,	71	37
McAuley's,	83	78
Sandhills,	19	56
Sanders's,	36	60
Sheffield's,	93	15
Ritter's,	66	53
	529	498
	498	

Being a Harrison maj'y of 31 votes—a decrease of 10 since the August vote, owing to a great number of our Whig friends going to the Fair at Laurel Hill. Had they been at home, we should have had an increased majority of about 25 or 30.

"*Pittsborough, Nov.* 13.

We have just received the vote from all the precincts in this county, (Chatham,) and the following is the aggregate: For Harrison 1124, for Van Buren 569. Majority for Harrison 555—a gain of 83 since August. * * *

"I fear some of the Van Buren Editors will not hereafter be believed on their oath, by many of their own party—having so deceived them as to induce them to make large bets. As they would read none but their own papers, they have lost all their bets."

"*Wilmington, Nov.* 12.

"We have met the enemy and they are ours!"—The poll in this town has just closed, and the result is, Harrison 277, Van Buren 265. In August, it stood, Whig 199, Van 216.

"We have reason to complain of our friends of the Wilmington Advertiser and Chronicle, that in return for our slips they have left us totally ignorant of the vote in their part of the State.]

SAMPSON COUNTY.

	Harrison.	*Van Buren.*
Clinton,	38	344
Honeycut's,	14	41
Taylor's Bridge,	4	113
Westbrook's (our Log Cabin)	165	19
Hall's,	11	35
Piney Grove,	67	56
Owensville,	77	37
Lisbon,	17	55
Turkey,	1	31
Dismal, (the garden spot.)	66	00
Mingo, (good,)	93	10
	553	741

COLUMBUS COUNTY.

	Harrison.	Van Buren.
Thompson's,	34	35
Whiteville,	55	47
Fair Bluff,	39	26
Tatom's,	19	47
Gum Swamp,	28	80
Bug Hill,	23	65
Lee's,	6	15
	204	315

THE GREAT RESULT.—In our last paper, we gave our readers the cheering assurance, that the vote of New York for Gen. Harrison, rendered his election certain. Every day has but added strength to the whirlwind of public sentiment by which Mr. Van Buren is driven from the high place which he has so unfaithfully filled. The majority against him, both of Electoral and of popular votes, will be overwhelming. The particulars, as far as known, will be found in another column.

As to the new Administration, we trust it will not be distinguished for excitements, such as marked the Administration of Jackson; nor for a war upon any business interest, such as broke down the prosperity of the country under Van Buren; nor for proscription, nor "spoils," nor "rewards and punishments," nor defaulters, nor experiments, nor extravagance, such as we have experienced under both. But we look forward to a faithful administration of the Nation's affairs for the Nation's good. Having no wish to secure his own re-election, Gen. Harrison may administer the Government with a single eye to its present and future prosperity. He will find many an unfaithful officer, and many a political brawler, whose time has been devoted to electioneering, instead of his proper duty, whom it will be proper for him to remove. Beyond these we hope no consideration will induce him to go. He will find a National debt of perhaps twenty millions of dollars, which he will seek to pay off as early as possible. He will find no National Bank, and we hope he will leave none, unless the people should decide, beyond all question, that they desire one. We want no new hobby for demagogues to ride into power upon. He will find business, which had been prostrated by the ruthless war upon it, gradually recovering under the influence of the confidence inspired by his election. We hope he will *let it alone.* It is not experiments that the people want. It is quiet, and the liberty to follow their own legitimate pursuits without molestation. What the country does want, are repose, economy, reform of abuses, appointment of competent and honest men to office, and a constitutional administration of the duties of Chief Executive, especially in recognizing the rights of the Judiciary and Legislature, as co-ordinate branches of the great system. These are what the country wants, and these we think will be found in the Administration of the venerable patriot WM. HENRY HARRISON.

RETROSPECTION.—As we have long been convinced that it was the settled policy of the Van Buren party to destroy the public confidence in the newspaper press, we have felt it our duty most carefully to watch over the character of the Observer, and to make it, as to facts, a journal to be relied on. Our *opinions* may be right or wrong—well or ill-founded. As to them, people can judge, and will differ. But for *facts*, it has always been our aim to look to the best sources, and never to deceive our readers, knowingly. We hold that there is no difference between an Editor's indiv dual character and his professional character; and that it is equally base to practice deception in the one as in the other. This principle has governed us at all times; for, however much our opponents may make *general* assertions to the contrary, we defy, as we have often defied, any one of them to point out *an instance* in which we have violated it.

Our present object is to contrast the course of the Observer, in this particular, with that of the Van Buren organs, in regard to the publication of Election prospects and Election Returns.

Two months ago, we published, as the result of anxious inquiries and inferences from recent elections, an estimate of the probable issue of the Presidential Election. We claimed for Gen. Harrison, Vermont, Maine, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Louisiana, Kentucky, Tennessee, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Michigan, giving, in all, 262 votes.—We allowed Mr. Van Buren New Hampshire, South Carolina, Missouri and Arkansas—25 votes. Leaving Alabama doubtful. The Van Buren papers and politicians scouted our estimate; and some of the party made bets upon as many as 10 of the States which we claimed for Harrison—(bets which they will remember, since they have lost nine out of the ten.) What is the result! The only State lost, out of the 21 we claimed for Harrison, is Virginia, and to balance that loss, he has, almost beyond a doubt, carried Alabama.

What was the estimate of our opponents? It was 18—not States, but—Electoral votes, we believe, which the Standard, in the plenitude of its liberality, allowed to Gen. Harrison! And if we mistake not, the Carolinian adopted the Standard's estimate.—Can any one believe that such an estimate was made in good faith! Or if it was, how blind were those who made it!

Now as to facts. In all our papers and slips issued since the Election commenced, we have given the substance of *all* the news, good and bad, which came to our hands. What has been the course of our opponents? The New York New Era gave its party such false reports, (claiming Pennsylvania, for instance, by 15,000 majority, after it was ascertained that there would not be a majority of 1000 either way,) that when the truth really broke upon them, the Locos assembled about the office, and were with difficulty, (so say N. Y. papers,) restrained from tearing it down, in revenge for the deception under which they had betted and lost their money. These New Eras have been scattered over the country. We know of four copies received by the last mail before the election, by the Postmaster at an obscure country Post office, who informs us that they were full of great victories and great gains by Van Buren, and not a solitary defeat!

To come nearer home. In our last we exposed the known falsity of a handbill issued from the Carolinian office on Monday before the late election, in which N. York, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and Maine, were claimed as "safe" for Van Buren, when it was reduced almost to absolute certainty that three of the four had gone for Harrison, and that the fourth was in utter doubt.

On Wednesday, the day before the election, great numbers of another more outrageously false handbill were issued from the same office. It purported to be an Extra from the N. C. Standard office; but was in reality printed at the Carolinian office, (probably copied from the Standard's Extra.) It called upon the Democrats of Wake and of North Carolina to "beware of Federal Whig Imposition and Humbug," at the very moment that the sole object and effect of the Extra itself were to "Impose upon and Humbug" the aforesaid Democrats. It declared, in large type, that it was "CERTAIN that Pennsylvania has gone for the Democracy." The fact was *known* to be otherwise when that handbill was printed

The handbill said that "in 28 out of 50 counties in New York, there is a Democratic net gain of 6,424!" and that "these were all the returns which the Whigs could possibly have received." When the handbill was printed here, it was *well known* that New York had gone for Harrison.

The handbill said, "it is CERTAIN that Virginia has gone for the Democracy by over 4,000!" At that time it was far from being certain *how* Virginia had gone. The only thing "certain" about it was, that the majority either way would be small. It turns out to be perhaps 1000, instead of "over 4,000."

The handbill said, "Our friends also assure us that Maine is on the side of equal rights." This is about the only truth in the handbill, and that was told by mistake. Maine *is* "on the side of equal rights," but she is not on the side of Van Buren.

The handbill went on to state, that "neither New York, Pennsylvania, or Maine, has gone for Gen. Harrison," and that he was "beaten, and badly beaten, too!"

Now we ask the readers of the Standard and North Carolinian, what confidence they can place in their organs, when they thus deliberately deceive them, on the very eve of the great Election! We ask those who lost money on them, how they like to be thus gulled!

Let none suppose that it is a useless task thus to expose such tricks. It is certain that some voters were deceived by them, even into a belief, that as Van Buren's election was already "ensured," it was useless to vote against him. Our desire is to put the people on their guard, even now, against such fraud and imposition. It is not the first time that such things have been attempted,—and it will not be the last. The Leopard cannot change his spots, and the Loco Focos *will not* change their manners.

It is creditable to Judge Strange, (and we are glad to see several Whig papers giving him credit for it,) that during the whole period of his Senatorial service, he has constantly sent copies of public documents printed by the Senate, to the Editors of Whig papers in this State, as well as to those of his own party. We have often had occasion to acknowledge his courtesy, and only a few days ago we received from him a copy of the Report of the Secretary of the Treasury on the commerce and navigation of the U. S. for 1839. His conduct is in strong contrast with that of his late colleague, Mr. Brown, who, we suspect, never sent a public document to a Whig Editor during the whole eleven years of his service.

The Newbern Spectator thus notices the receipt of the same Navigation document from Judge Strange:—

"As this is probably the last public document which we shall receive from the ex-Senator, we deem the occasion a proper one to express to him our thanks for his gentlemanlike and uniform courtesy to us in this respect. Notwithstanding our antipodal position in politics, and our occasional conscientious strictures on his public acts, Senator Strange has never felt personally hostile to us,—as the *small fry* of his party foolishly and unavailingly do,—nor has he ever hesitated to enable our paper to spread before such of his former constituents as read it, copious official information on public affairs. So liberal and proper a course gains the esteem and respect even of opponents, and in all things but politics, we sincerely wish Senator Strange the amplest success and prosperity."

THE FORGED CORRESPONDENCE.—The forged Letter from Gen. Harrison to Arthur Tappan was used as genuine in Alabama, Louisiana, Missouri and Georgia—perhaps elsewhere. How does it happen that we hear of none being sent to North Carolina! Did the party despair of effecting any thing here! Or was the fraud exposed too soon!

ABOLITIONISM.—Let the Whigs of the South never forget, that whilst the Van Buren party have made a prodigious outcry about a pretended union of the Whigs and abolitionists, the regularly nominated candidate of the Abolitionists for Vice President of the U. S., Earle, who had accepted that nomination, actually voted the Van Buren Electoral Ticket at the late election in Philadelphia. It is probable that Birney, the candidate for President, would have done likewise, if he had been in the U. States on the day of election.

Some of the Van Buren organs are still endeavoring to frighten the ignorant with the old story that President Harrison will not veto a law for the abolition of slavery, nor indeed any law. It is quite time to give up this gull-trap;—the election is over. Gen. Harrison will be sworn, as President, to preserve, protect and defend the Constitution. He has declared the abolition of Slavery by Congress to be unconstitutional. He can never approve of an unconstitutional law, without violating his oath and his often-avowed principles.

The North Carolinian says, "The next session of Congress being a short one, *its acts will be under the control of Mr. Van Buren*, until the 4th of March, 1841, at which time it adjourns and the new President takes his seat."

We do not know which most to admire, the open declaration that "the acts of the next session will be under the control of Mr. Van Buren," or the very conclusive reason apparently assigned for it—its "being a short session.' The acts of Congress have indeed been too much under the control of the President for the last 12 years; and we hope to see an end of his supremacy in the Legislative Department. We hope to see Congress act according to its own understanding of the rights and interests of the people, with no further reference to the wishes and opinions of the President than as these may conform to their own. We hope to see the next Congress a body of Legislators, and not a body of subservient tools, prepared to register any edict of a despot.

The Carolinian complains that on the night before the election, the windows of that office were broken, and charges it upon "some ruffians of the Whig party." We have no idea that any Whig did it. The probability is, either that some member of the Van Buren procession of that night did it, *unconsciously;* or that some one of the party who had been betrayed into making bad bets by the false statements of the Carolinian as to the elections, did it in revenge, as the Locos of New York were like to have torn down the New Era office. By whomsoever done, it was a base act, and every good citizen should do what he can to bring the perpetrator to justice.—From our soul do we abominate every thing savoring of Lynch Law.

A HUGE POTATO.—Our last paper was scarcely out, with its acknowledgment of the receipt of some Harrison and Van Buren potatoes, before the Southern Stage brought us one, from some unknown friend, which quite threw the former into the shade. It weighed exactly *seven* pounds. It was addressed to the Editor of the Observer, and that it was a Harrison potato, we learn from the endorsement on the paper in which it was enveloped, viz: "Huzza for Old Tip." Our unknown friend will accept our thanks.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

Pennsylvania.

The official return, from the Executive office, is,—

For Harrison,	144,018
For Van Buren,	143,675
Majority,	343

Whole number of votes 287,693. Whole number at the local election, two weeks before, 256,139. Increase 31,554.

The Abolition Ticket received only 343 votes in the whole State of Pennsylvania. This looks well for the soundness of the people of that State on this subject.

New York.

The New York papers state the Harrison majority in the entire State at **12,490.** This is not all official, but is doubtless nearly correct.

In every part of the State—Mr. Van Buren's own State—he ran far behind the local candidates of his party; whilst General Harrison, in New York as every where else, distances *his* friends. As an example, we may mention, that whilst Harrison's majority, as above stated, is 12,490, that of Seward, the Whig candidate for Governor at the same election, is only 5,602. Even at his own home, (Kinderhook,) his unpopularity is manifest. See the following:—

Correspondence of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

ASTOR HOUSE, Monday Morning, Nov. 9.

On Saturday evening I ascertained, at Hudson, the best piece of small news which can be found any where. Kinderhook gives the Van Buren electoral ticket less majority by 7 average than any on the other tickets. He runs ten behind some of the candidates, and lower than any one.

Dutchess county is reported 13 majority on the electoral ticket.

The day after the election, at Albany, when things looked blue for us, John Van Buren felt so independent, and at the same time so indignant, at the change of Thos. W. Olcott, that he tendered his resignation as director of the Mechanics' and Farmers' Bank. It was immediately and unanimously accepted.

New York sends to the next Congress, 21 Vans and 19 Whigs. A Whig loss of 2. Among the Locos elected, is John Van Buren, eldest son of the President, familiarly known as Prince John.

The official majority for the Van Buren Electors of President, in the city of New York, is 977.

Mr. Grinnell had the highest number of votes on the Whig Congressional ticket, and was only 742 behind the lowest on the Van Buren ticket.

Massachus'tts

Returns from all but five towns are received. The Harrison majority near 20,000. John Davis has beaten Morton for Governor about 16,000. Ten Whigs and one Loco elected to Congress, and in Williams's (Loco) District, no election. The Legislature Whig, of course, securing a Senator in place of Gov. Davis.

Maine.

Harrison majority in all but 20 towns, 939. The towns to be heard from gave, in Sept., 525 Whig and 723 Loco votes.

Virginia.

A few counties are yet to be heard from, though the State voted more than a fortnight ago. The majority for Van Buren is consequently not ascertained. The Whig papers admit, however, that he *has* a majority. It will probably be less than 1000.

Mississippi.

The returns are altogether favorable. 4 counties give a Harrison majority of more than 2000 votes. At Baloxi, where only 1 Van Buren vote was given, against some hundreds of Harrison votes, the person who gave the solitary vote offered the inspectors a $10 bill to permit him to withdraw it.

Alabama.

The returns from a few counties only have reached us; but in these the Locos were confounded, and the Whigs themselves astonished, at the Harrison gain since the August election—in one county 600, in another 537, &c. The Tuscaloosa Whig says the majority is expected to be 3000.

Louisiana.

The Harrison majority, as far as heard from, is 2248, and is expected to amount to 3000.

Georgia.

This State has done nobly. In 80 counties heard from, the Harrison majority is 8,323, a gain of 4,255 since 1st October.

Michigan,

Gives Gen. Harrison a majority of 1903.

A Whig Member of Congress, and a majority in the Legislature, which secures a U. S. Senator in the place of Norvell, Van.

Tennessee.

Whig gain of 8,700 in 43 counties, from Polk's majority, which was 2,566 in the whole State. The State is safe.

Davidson county, in which General Jackson resides, the Harrison majority was larger than has ever before been given. It was 683. In Creeles (the *Hermitage district*) the vote stood Harrison, 104; Van Buren, 29!!!

A letter to the editors of the National Intelligencer from Nashville, dated the evening of the 4th instant, says: "The Whig gains already ascertained are now nearly equal to the whole of Polk's majority last year in the whole State. The Harrison majority, I believe, will be from 7,000 to 10,000 votes. Set down the fifteen electoral votes as safe for him. The battle has been hot, but the victory is complete."

The Nashville Papers, both the Whig and Banner assure us, from the returns in, that the State has gone for Harrison by from 7000 to 10,000 majority. If this turn out so, as the returns surely indicate, next to New Jersey, Tennessee will administer one of the most important rebukes the men going out of power have yet had. Gen. Jackson was not content with appointing Mr. Van Buren his successor, but must needs abandon his proper position of neutrality in an effort to re-appoint him, and in order to bring it about he himself enters the field, abusing an old worthy soldier too, who had done the Republic more service in arms than he had ever done, and thrice as much service in civil life. The People of Tennessee, have however, in their vote, thus manifested not only a proper disgust of Van Buren, but of Gen. Jackson's efforts in his behalf, and have thus put their veto upon Jacksonism, as well as Jacobinism. They have done their duty all round. We welcome her most heartily in the grand Whig triumphal march.

Ohio.

The last we heard of Harrison's majority in his own State, it was about 25,000, and still going ahead.

Delaware.

The Harrison majority is 1194. Every county gave him a majority.

Every member elect to the Legislature is Whig, which secures the re-election of the present Whig Senator in Congress, and the filling of the existing vacancy in that body with another good Whig. We have gained also the Representative in Congress.

Vermont.

Returns from 38 towns, in which Harrison's majority is 4,895. We are justified in putting Vermont among the ascertained States.

Indiana.

Harrison majority in 47 counties, 11,961, a gain of 5,262 since the local election in Sept. 40 counties to be heard from. This is the State in which Gen. Harrison approved the law to sell "poor but respectable and good" thieves! Such gentry must be scarce in Indiana. Montgomery and Hawkins have shed their tears in vain over the hard fate of their friends.

Illinois.

In 56 counties the Harrison gain since August is 4480. There are 78 counties in the State.

N. Hampshire.

Mr. Van Buren's majority in 1836, was 14,469. Mr. Page's, (V. B. Governor's) majority in March last, was 8,406. Mr. Van Buren's present majority is 6,436. From which it will be seen that the Democratic gain at the late election in this Van Buren strong hold has been, compared with the majority of 1836, 8033; and compared with the majority of March last 1,970. This shews that few States have done better for General Harrison than much abused New Hampshire.

RESULTS.

STATES FOR HARRISON & TYLER.

NEW YORK,	42 votes.
Pennsylvania,	30
Ohio,	21
North Carolina,	15
Kentucky,	15
Georgia,	11
Maine,	10
Maryland,	10
Indiana,	9
Connecticut,	8
New Jersey,	8
Rhode Island,	4
Massachusetts,	14
Delaware,	3
Louisiana,	5
Michigan,	3
Vermont,	7
Ascertained,	215

[To these we expect to add, Tennessee 15, Alabama 7, Mississippi 4, and Illinois 5. Making for Harrison 246.]

FOR VAN BUREN & JOHNSON.

New Hampshire,	7 votes.
Virginia,	23

[Add South Carolina 11, Missouri 4, Arkansas 3. Total for Van Buren 48.]

☞ Persons desirous of taking the *Raleigh Register* during the session of State Legislature, can subscribe to it on following terms, payable, of course, in advance:

Twice a week	$1 00
Once a week	50

It is evident that the coming Session will be one of peculiar interest, and it shall be the aim of the Editor to give a full, fair and impartial account of its Proceedings.

Mr. Van Buren (on the authority of the New York Courier) declared some ten days since, that he had not experienced the first doubt of his re-election. What an infatuated creature he must be!

The Washington *Globe*, the organ of the administration at the National Capital, makes the following annunciation of Mr. Van Buren's defeat—"It becomes our duty to announce to the public that we have received returns of the elections in a sufficient number of States to render the final result no longer doubtful."

Reform in matters of Taste.—Now that Gen. Harrison is elected, we trust that it will not be thought necessary to call him Old Tip or any other uncouth name. The Whigs have imitated the Jackson dialect a little more closely than is consistent with respect for themselves, their candidate or the English language. We look for the return of a tasteful and respectful style of speaking of respectable men. We can be democratic without being vulgar; and if good sense is to reign in our country now is the time for the full exhibition of that characteristic.—*North American.*

MARRIED,

In this town, on Wednesday evening last, by Rev. Simeon Colton, JOSEPH W. EVANS Attorney at Law, to Miss JANE MILLER G[illespie] daughter of the late John Julius Gause.

In Robeson county, on the 5th inst. [illegible] McEachin, Esq., Capt. ALEX'R J. Mc[Millan] of Marlborough District, S. C., to Miss C[atherine] ADAMS, of Richmond county, N. C.

In Cheraw, S. C., on the 5th inst. Mr. ENOCH JORDAN to Miss MARY HORN.

OBITUARY.

Departed this life, at her own residence, in this town, on Sunday, the 15th instant, Miss RACHEL BARGE, daughter of the late Lewis Barge, Esq., of this place, and for more than the last twenty years, a communing member of the Presbyterian Church. Her relatives, connexions, and friends, deeply feel the bereavement to which they are thus subjected, but they desire humbly to submit, in the precious faith, that their loss, is her everlasting gain.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET—Nov. 18.

Brandy, peach,	43 a 50	Lime,	$2½ a $2½
Ditto, apple,	40 a 45	Lead, bar,	8 a 8½
Bacon,	8 a 10	Mackerel,	none.
Beeswax,	25 a 26	Molasses,	33 a 36
Butter,	15 a 20	Oats,	25 a 30
Bale Rope,	8 a 10	Oil, Linseed	80
Coffee,	12½ a 13½	Nails, cut,	6½ a 7
Cotton,	8½ a 8½	Powder, keg,	$6½
Cotton Yarn,	16 a 22	Rags,	2½
Cotton Bag'ng,	20 a 25	Sugar, brown,	9½ a 12
Corn,	40 a 50	Lump,	16
Copperas,	3½ a 4	Loaf,	18 a 20
Candles, F. F.	17	Salt,	75
Flour, new	$4½ a $5½	Sack,	$2.2 a $2.5
Feathers,	37½ a 40	Tallow,	10
Flaxseed,	$1 a 1 10	Tin, box,	$14
Hides, green,	4 a 5	Tobacco, leaf,	4 a 4½
dry,	12½ a 14	Wheat,	80
Iron,	5 a 5½	Whiskey,	30 a 35
Lard,	9 a 10	Wool,	15

4-4 Sheeting, Fayetteville manufacture, 9 ct

WILMINGTON MARKET—Novem[ber] Steam Mill Lumber 12 00 a 20 00; River [Lumber] viz:—Wide Boards 5 00 a 7 00; Flooring 7 8 50; Timber 5 00 a 7 00; Staves, W. O. r[ived] none; dressed, 25 00 a 30 00; R. O. rough, [Staves] Shingles 1 75 a 4 00; Corn 45 a 50; Salt, [Corn] 35 a 40, Rice 3 25.

Port of Wilmington.

FROM THE WILMINGTON ADVERTISER.

ARRIVALS,

November 7.—Brig Wallace from New York, Schrs. Morning Star from Providence, Oregon from New York, Enterprise from ditto. 9.—Brigs Ivy from Philadelphia, Mentor from New York. Sch[r] from ditto, Juan de Cartagena from ditto; Schrs. Ca[ta]vian from Newport, Constellation from Philadelphia, N. F. Frothingham from Boston, Reporter from New York. 10.—Schrs. Schuylkill from Philadelphia, John A. Lancaster from Jamaica, United States from N. York, H. Lawrence from Charleston.

DEPARTURES,

November 6.—Br. Schr. Jane for Nassau, N. P. Brigs Sarah & Phœbe for New York, Belle for [illegible] Schr. New York for New Bedford. 8.—Schr. [illegible] & Margaret for Charleston. 10.—Brigs Adelaide for Barbadoes, Reporter for St. Jago de Cuba.

FURNITURE SALE.

ON FRIDAY, the 27th November, will be sold at my Auction Store, a variety of SUPERIOR

FURNITURE,

Among which are—[illegible] Marble Top Centre Tables, Dinner and Tea Tables, Mahogany Bedsteads, Sofas and Dressing Tables, Carpets, Window and Bed Curtains, Crockery and Glassware, &c. &c. &c.

Terms at sale.

By order of the Trustees.

WILLKINGS, *Auct'r.*

November 17, 1840. 24-2w

Dry Goods at Auction.

I WILL offer at Auction, on Friday the 20th inst a variety of Extra and Super BROADC[loths] CASSIMERES, &c., to be sold in ga[rments] terms to suit purchasers. Gentlemen wishing to furnish themselves with fine Cloths, will find a good opportunity. At same time will be offered per Irish Linens by the piece; also, Blan[kets] &c. The goods are all fresh and new. Sale to commence at ½ past 3 P. M. at the Market [House]

WILLKINGS, *Auct'r.*

Nov. 17.

☞ PRESS FOR SALE. ☜

BEING desirous of embarking in another business, I now offer the establishment of the WILMINGTON ADVERTISER for sale.

I do not know of a more eligible situation for persons desirous of embarking in the printing business, than Wilmington, North Carolina.

Terms accommodating. Application must be post paid.

Our exchange papers will oblige us by copying this advertisement until forbidden.

F. C. HILL.

Wilmington, Nov. 12, 1840.

Runaway

FROM the Subscriber, on the night of the 6th of October, a negro man named BOB, about 24 years of age, five feet 10 or 11 inches high, black complexion, stout built, and will weigh 160 or 170 lbs. A reward of $10 will be given for his delivery to the Jailor of this county, so that I get him again.

WM. MURPHY.

Cumberland County, Nov. 16, 1840. 24-tf.

☞ The Minutes of the Cape Fear Baptist Association are ready for the Churches.

NEW FIRM.

THE Subscribers having formed a connection, will continue the business at the old stand of C. J. Orrell, under the firm and style of

C. J. & R. M. ORRELL,

Who will keep constantly on hand a well assorted Stock of

GROCERIES,

Which will be sold low for Cash or Country Produce.

They will also give their undivided attention to a GENERAL COMMISSION AND AGENCY BUSINESS, the receiving and forwarding Goods, receiving and making sale of Country Produce, &c.

COVINGTON J. ORRELL,
ROBERT M. ORRELL.

Fayetteville, August 24, 1840. 12tf

Notice.

ALL those having claims against C. J. Orrell, are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to him are requested to make immediate payment, as longer indulgence cannot be given.

C. J. ORRELL.

August 24, 1840.

A Card.

THE Subscriber begs leave to return his sincere thanks to his long tried and faithful customers, and introduce to them the new firm of C. J. & R. M. Orrell, who are determined to limit themselves to a certain number of customers, that have hitherto been prompt in payment, and who shall in future receive prompt attention to their business and interest.

C. J. ORRELL.

Fayetteville, August 24, 1840.

NEW GOODS.

JOHN McARN

IS now receiving a large Stock of DRY GOODS, consisting of Broad Cloths, Sattinets, Flannels, Linseys, Kerseys, Brown Linens, Linen Sheetings, Muslin-de-Lains, Fancy Prints.

Also, a large stock of HATS, amongst which are Tole-skin Hats of the first quality, black and white Russia Hats, first quality; also, Palm Leaf Hats, Straw Bonnets and Hoods, &c. Also, Shoes and Boots, Hardware and Cutlery, Sugar and Coffee, &c.

The above Goods having been bought mostly at the latest Auction Sales in New York, and for Cash, will be sold very cheap.

JOHN McARN.

July 14, 1840. 6tf

Daily Mail to Warsaw.

On and after the 1st day of June, 1840, the Mail Stage to and from Warsaw, will run daily, connecting with the Rail Road Cars. The Subscribers hope that at this additional accommodation will merit public approval and patronage.

BAKER & BLOCKER, *Proprietors.*

Fayetteville, May 25, 1840. 99tf

HOLBROOK'S BELLS.

For Churches, Manufactories, Plantations, &c.

HOLBROOKS', the most celebrated Bell Founders in this country, having made arrangements with the Subscriber to receive and execute all orders for their Bells of any size, to 2,500 lbs., which they will warrant of the very best sound and quality, not surpassed by any Bells in this country. Also, Town Clocks, Church and Parlour Organs, of superior finish and tones. Orders received and information given by

JAMES MARTINE.

N. B. They will warrant their Bells, and should any fail to give satisfaction, they may be exchanged for another. Also Old Bells recast.

Fayetteville, October 20. 59-tf

Notice.

THE Subscribers having qualified as Executors to the last Will and Testament of James Hart, at June Term of Cumberland County Court, 1840, hereby notify all persons indebted to the said Estate, to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said Estate, to present them within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of a recovery.

J. H. HOOPER,
ELIJAH FULLER.

Fayetteville, June 9, 1840. 14tf

DR. G. R. PHELPS'
COMPOUND

TOMATO PILLS,

(ENTIRELY VEGETABLE,)

A new and valuable remedy for all diseases arising from impurities of the Blood, Morbid Secretions of the Liver and Stomach;

Also, a substitute for Calomel, as a Cathartic in Fevers, and all Bilious diseases, and for ordinary Family Physic.

THIS popular Medicine, which has received such general approbation as a remedy for Dyspepsia, Bilious and Acrid Stomachs, Jaundice, Heartburn, Costiveness, Headache, &c. &c., and which is prescribed by many of the most respectable Physicians, is for sale at the Fayetteville Book Store.

March 8, 1839. 36tf

SWAIM'S VERMIFUGE,

THE MOST USEFUL FAMILY MEDICINE EVER OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

THIS well-known *Anti-Dysenteric* and *Worm Medicine* has proved successful these twelve years past, and is universally acknowledged by all who have tried it, to be far superior to any other medicine ever employed in the diseases for which it is recommended. It is perfectly safe, and no child will refuse to take it.

Worms being especially apt to infest persons of debilitated digestive organs and emaciated constitutions, much mischief is often done by the ordinary worm medicines, which generally consist of the strongest purgatives, calomel, *that destroyer of the constitution*, bitters, pink root, spirits of turpentine, wormseed oil, &c. &c. Articles of this kind may destroy worms, but they debilitate the stomach, and often materially injure the general health, without removing the cause. SWAIM'S VERMIFUGE has the peculiar advantage of removing the cause of worms, by giving vigor and healthy action to the stomach, bowels, and organs of digestion, thereby relieving measles, croup, whooping cough, &c. This medicine, by invigorating the internal functions, strengthening the organs of digestion, and removing the primary cause which creates morbid secretions, will relieve Bowel Complaints, Cholic, Dysentery, Dyspepsia, and the whole train of biliary affections, Sick Headach, Acidity of the Stomach, Foul Breath, Bleeding Piles, &c. It is an antidote in the *early stages of Fever and Cholera Morbus.* As a general FAMILY MEDICINE it stands unrivalled, as it is applicable to most of the diseases to which children are subject. SWAIM'S VERMIFUGE will be found of some utility to persons who occasionally indulge in the conviviality of the table; a dose taken before dinner will anticipate the effects of *acidity* of the stomach, not unfrequently produced by *wine.*—In the neglect of this, however, a dose in the morning or the following morning will, in most instances, restore the *tone of the Stomach.*

Families resident in the country, and isolated in a measure from medical advice, travellers journeying to the far west, or bound to distant ports, seminaries and all public institutions and charitable associations will find this remedy, constantly at hand, of great utility.

Prepared at SWAIM'S LABORATORY, Philadelphia. HENRY JOHN SHARPE, *General Agent*, No. 46 Pine Street, New York; and sold by every Druggist in the United States.

(16) WM. SWAIM & SON.

NEW GOODS.

WE have received and opened our FALL AND WINTER GOODS, which comprises a large and extensive assortment of

DRY GOODS,
HARDWARE & CUTLERY,
Boots and Shoes, Fur and Wool Hats, Fur and Seal Caps, Cotton and Wool Cards, Tuscan and plain Straw Bonnets, Writing, Letter and Wrapping Paper, Drugs and Patent Medicines.

Also,

10 HHDS. PORTO RICO SUGAR,
80 bags Rio Coffee,
30 boxes Raisins,
Loaf and Lump Sugar,
Collins' and King's Axes,
5 hhds. Crockery,
75 kegs Nails,
50 sides Sole Leather,

Which are offered at very low prices for CASH, or on time for approved paper.

NOTT & STARR.

November 19, 1839. 72tf

For Sale.

5 BALES heavy unbleached Shirting, suitable for Negroes
50 Casks Lime.

JOHN HUSKE & SON.

Oct. 6, 1840. 18-*tf.*

To the President and Directors of the Cape Fear Bank at Wilmington:

TAKE NOTICE, that I shall make application for a new Certificate for five Shares of Stock held in your Bank by Frederick Beto, in three months from this date, the original Certificate being lost or mislaid.

JOHN C. BLUM,
Ex'r of Frederick Beto.

August 18, 1840. 14-3m

Notice.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the Subscribers, was dissolved the 24th ult. by mutual consent.

C. J. ORRELL,
D. A. RAY.

Fayetteville, Sept. 8, 1840. 14-*tf.*

For Sale.

AN elegant SORREL MARE, 4 years old, broke to the Harness.

C. J. & R. M. ORRELL.

September 1, 1840.

Loco Foco Friction Matches.

50 GROSS Holmes' improved FRICTION MATCHES, just received and for sale by the gross or dozen,—a superior article and warranted. Apply to JAMES MARTINE.

A constant supply of the above kept on hand, and will be sold low to sell again.

Fayetteville, Sept. 5, 1840. 14tf

Swaim's Justice,

PREPARED expressly for the use of Justices of the Peace, and other Public Officers in North Carolina, containing, in addition to a summary of the Statute and Common Law, all the most approved FORMS and Precedents. For sale by

E. J. HALE.

Gray's Ointment,

FOR the cure of White Swellings, Scrofula and other Tumours, Sore Legs and Ulcers, old and fresh wounds, Sprains and Bruises, Swellings and Inflammations, Scalds and Burns, Scald Head, Rheumatic Pains, Chilblains, Tetters, Eruptions, Whitlows, Biles, and external diseases generally. A fresh supply of this Invaluable Medicine just received at the Fayetteville Book Store.

Southern Harmony

A LARGE supply of this popular Music Book, at a reduced price by wholesale. Received by

E. J. HALE.

April 27.

NEW GOODS.

I HAVE received by the late arrivals a LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT of

DRY GOODS,

Suitable for the present and approaching Season,—a large supply of

GROCERIES, HARDWARE,
Hats, Boots and Shoes,

A beautiful assortment of

CROCKERY,

Embracing sets of China, white Queen's Ware, (a new article,) Liverpool Ware, different patterns and colours. Also, common Crockery, Winter Strained Lamp Oil, Linseed and Tanners' Oil, extra and No. 1 White Lead, Sole and Upper Leather.

H. LEETE,
Green Street.

November 19, 1839. 72tf

NEW
Auction and Commission Store,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE Subscriber, having been appointed one of the Auctioneers of the Town of Wilmington, offers his services to his friends and the public. Having been engaged in the business for a number of years, he feels confident of giving entire satisfaction to those who may confide their business in his hands.

THOS. SANDFORD.

REFER TO
Messrs. Barry & Bryant. } *Wilmington.*
" Dickinson & Morris, }
" E. L. & W. Winslow, } *Fayetteville.*
" Yarbrough & Ray, }
" W. A. Caldwell & Sons, *Charleston.*
" Allibone & Troubat, *Philadelphia.*
James J. Treadwell, Esq., *New York.*

Sept. 18, 1839. 63-tf.

"The Crisis of the Country,"

BY JUNIUS,"

A MOST excellent political Tract for circulation. For sale at the publisher's prices, at the Book Store. Clubs can be furnished at $3 per 100, or $20 per 1000.

Sept. 23, 1840.

Davies' Mathematics,

DESIGNED FOR SCHOOLS, ACADEMIES AND COLLEGES.

THE attention of Teachers and all others engaged in the promotion of thorough education, is invited to the examination of the following text books in Mathematics, by Professor Charles Davies

1. Davies' Mental and Practical Arithmetic.—Key to Davies' Arithmetic for Teachers.
2. Davies' First Lessons in Geometry.
3. Davies' First Lessons in Algebra.
4. Davies' Bourdon's Algebra.
5. Davies' Legendre's Geometry and Trigonometry.
6. Davies' Elements of Surveying.
7. Davies' Analytical Geometry.
8. Davies' Descriptive Geometry.
9. Davies' Differential and Integral Calculus.
10. Davies' Shades, Shadows and Linear Perspective.

For sale by E. J. HALE.

Blanks for sale at this Office.

J. & J. KYLE

HAVE just received by the late arrivals from the North, a large and splendid assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Among which are:

Superfine blue, black, and assorted colored Cloths and Cassimeres, Sattinets, Vestings, Merinos, Muslin-de-Lanes, Challys, black and colored Silks, plain and figured, black Bombazines, Rose and Point Blankets, and Negro Cloths, 1575 pieces Calico, very cheap, 3-4, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 bleached and brown Shirtings and Sheetings, and Anker Bolting Cloths, with many other articles,—all of which being bought at the lowest package price, is offered CHEAP FOR CASH, or to punctual customers on the usual time.

September 10, 1840. 15-tf

FEMALE SCHOOL,
FAYETTEVILLE.

MISS MALLETT, with the assistance of competent Teachers, will open a School on the 15th of October, at her residence on Gillespie street, in which, with the ordinary branches of English Education, will be taught the Latin and French Languages, Music, Drawing and Painting. No exertion shall be wanting for the improvement of Pupils in moral deportment as well as literary instruction.

Miss Mallett has succeeded in engaging the services of Mrs. Ashe, whose qualifications and experience as a Music teacher are well known.

The year will commence the 15th of October and close the 15th of August.

TERMS—IN ADVANCE

Elementary Department or 2d Class,	$8	per Session.
First Class,	16	" "
French Language,	10	" "
Drawing and Painting,	10	" "
Music on Piano Forte, accompanied by the voice,	25	" "
Music on Guitar,	25	" "
Fancy work,	3	" "
Use of Piano for practising,	2	" "

September 16, 1840. 98tf

Cape Fear Bank Stock

FOR SALE.

SIXTY Shares of Cape Fear Bank Stock for sale. For particulars, apply at this Office.

June 2, 1840.

Mother's Catechism.

A NEW EDITION just published and for sale by E. J. HALE.

July 25, 1838.

Auction and Commission Business.

THE Subscriber having had considerable experience in the above business, offers his services to his friends and the public as a general AUCTION AND COMMISSION AGENT.

All orders left at his office on Person Street, 1 door West of Bank of Cape Fear, will be attended to.

AMOS KIMBALL.

Nov. 5, 1839. 70-tf.

$200 Reward,

FOR a negro man named BRADLEY. He is stout made, weighs 160 or 170 lbs., 22 years old, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, bushy head, and by close examination you may discover a small scar on his under lip, not larger than a grain of wheat. Said boy was raised in Cumberland county, N. C., and was taken by his young master to Lowndes county, Ala., and there sold to a man by the name of Garey. This is the boy's statement. I will give the above reward for him. He left me on the 22d June last.

GIDEON RIGGS.

Riggs' X Roads, Williamson county, Ten., } 7tf
July 4, 1840.

SWAIM'S PANACEA,

For the cure of Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Ulcerous Sores, Syphilis, and the host of painful and hitherto incurable affections resulting therefrom;

White Swellings, Diseases of the Liver and Skin, General Debility, &c., and all Diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood.

THIS MEDICINE is particularly recommended as an *alterative* and a *purifier of the Blood.* It gives a *tone and vigor to debilitated Constitutions,* which invalids are unconscious of until they have experienced its effects.

It is also recommended in Diseases where the Lungs and Breast are supposed to be affected, and also where the constitution is broken down by the use of Mercury or Quinine.

The SWAIM'S PANACEA is an accredited antidote to the *diseases peculiar to tropical latitudes.* It is made use of on *all plantations,* and produces a speedier, a *more certain* and *less expensive* medium of perfect restoration, than any other medicine hitherto known or employed.

This medicine has the singular fortune, a just tribute to its great merit, of being *recommended by the most celebrated practitioners of medicine in the United States and Europe;* whereas, not one of the spurious mixtures made in imitation of it has the least support from the medical faculty. This fact offers an argument so plain and conclusive, that it needs only to be mentioned to enforce conviction.—Swaim's Panacea is recommended to all those invalids for whom physicians prescribe Sarsaparilla, Syrups, Extracts, &c.

Swaim's Panacea is in round bottles, fluted longitudinally, with the following words blown in the glass—"Swaim's Panacea—Phila.," having but one label, which covers the cork, with the signature of Wm. Swaim on it, so that the cork, (bearing also upon it as a seal the impression "Wm. Swaim,") cannot be drawn without destroying the signature, without which none is genuine. The medicine may consequently be known to be genuine when the signature is visible, to counterfeit it will be punished as forgery.

Prepared at SWAIM'S LABORATORY, Philadelphia. HENRY JOHN SHARPE, *General Agent*, No. 46 Pine Street, New York; and sold by every Druggist in the United States.

(16) WM. SWAIM & SON.

DR. TAYLOR'S
BALSAM OF LIVERWORT.

THE cures and benefits produced by the use of this medicine, in all cases of diseases of the lungs, is almost incredible.

Persons afflicted with coughs, colds, asthma, difficulty of breathing, pains in the side or breast, spitting of blood, catarrhs, palpitation of the heart, oppression and soreness of the chest, whooping cough, pleurisy, hectic fever, night sweats, difficult or profuse expectoration, and all other affections of the chest, lungs and liver, should not fail of procuring a bottle of this medicine.

Wonderful Cure of Consumption.

Although Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort has found hundreds of advocates, and has produced so large a number of testimonials in its favor, I cannot withhold my small meed of praise. Being predisposed to consumption, both from peculiar formation and hereditary transmission, I tried every means to check this disease and strengthen a naturally weak constitution. I spent two years in Pisa, one in Rome, two in Florence, and another in the South of France, seeking meantime the advice of the best physicians. Two years since I returned to this country, in about the same situation as when I left. I had seen in the reading rooms in Europe much said in favor of Doctor Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort, and as soon as I arrived in this city, I used it, and in three months I was so well I concluded I could pass the winter here safely, and did so. I have used an occasional bottle now and then during the time, but am now in as good health as is possible. My cough has wholly ceased, and my lungs have every feeling of health.

S. PROUTY, *Western Hotel, Courtland street.*

☞ The above Medicine is for sale at the Fayetteville Book Store. 93

GEORGIA INSURANCE
AND TRUST COMPANY.
At Augusta.

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION OF DOLLARS,

Of which $627,000 is paid in, and invested in Bank Stocks, and the balance in a course of payment, by monthly instalments.

THE undersigned as agents of the above Company, will insure Houses and Goods against loss by fire, in any part of this State, and will also take river risks between Fayetteville and Wilmington and any port on the coast.

STARK & PEARCE.

Fayetteville, Sept. 12, 1837. 58tf

An highly important caution to the Public.

"Cave ne titubes."—Beware of falling.

DOCTOR EVANS, 100 Chatham street, takes the present opportunity of tendering his most unfeigned acknowledgments to the numerous patients (afflicted with the various form of disease incident to humanity) who have committed themselves to his care, and he has the satisfaction of knowing from many living evidences, that his remedies have removed or relieved their respective maladies, as far as lies within the compass of human means. How distressing to the afflicted is DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, poisoning all the sources of his enjoyment, and leading in many instances to the miseries of hypocondriacism. Long as it has been made the subject of inquiry by medical authors, it remains involved in much obscurity. *Jaundice, Diarrhœa,* Cholera and Colic, also performs a conspicuous part in the drama of morbid affections. Dr. Evans has been singularly successful in the treatment of the above complaints by remedies drawn from the researches of the most eminent physicians in Europe. He has also had vast experience and success throughout the whole family of delicate diseases, all of which are for the most part aggravated by, and rooted in the constitution, by the CONSPIRACIES OF MERCURIAL MURDERERS, UNPRINCIPLED, UNEDUCATED AND UNPRACTISED in any art save that of attempting to lead the credulous on the road to ruin. Dr. Evans' Office is supplied with the choicest remedies from foreign markets, and compounded on the most scientific principles; a physician is always in attendance, and all those who come there in the hour of need will go off rejoicing.

Dr. Wm. Evans' Medical Office, 100 Chatham Street, New York.

A PERFECT CURE OF ASTHMA, FIFTY FOUR YEARS STANDING,

Effected by the treatment of Dr. Wm. Evans.

This is to certify, that I was attacked with the Asthma in the ninth year of my age, and from that time until the present year, a period of 54 years, I have been subject to that disease. For the last five years, I had it almost incessantly—not being exempt from it more than twenty-four hours at any one time. I had consulted the most skillful physicians, and tried many remedies without any relief. In June last, I commenced using Dr. Wm. Evans' Vegetable Medicine, not with the expectation of effecting a cure, for I believed my case hopeless and my dissolution near, but with the hope of obtaining momentary relief.—Before I had used two packages, I was entirely relieved, and I have not been attacked with it since. I can now say that I am permanently cured of the disease, and I can confidently recommend it to all who are afflicted with this distressing complaint.

SARAH SIMMONS,

Nov. 16. *Prince George Co., Va.*

LIVER COMPLAINT, 10 YEARS' STANDING.

Mrs. Hannah Browne, wife of Joseph Browne, North Sixth street, Williamsburg, afflicted the last ten years with the Liver Complaint, completely restored to health through the treatment of Dr. Wm. Evans. Symptoms—Habitual constipation of the bowels, total loss of appetite, excruciating pain of the epigastric region, great depression of spirits, languor, and other symptoms of extreme debility, disturbed sleep, inordinate flow of the menses, pain in the right side, could not lie on her left side without an aggravation of the pain, urine high coloured, with other symptoms indicating great derangement in the functions of the liver.

Mrs. Browne was attended by three of the first physicians, but received but little relief from their medicine, till Mr. Browne procured some of Dr. Wm. Evans' invaluable preparations, which effectually relieved her of the above distressing symptoms, with others, which it is not so essential to intimate.

JOSEPH BROWNE.

City and County of New York, ss:

Joseph Browne, Williamsburg, Long Island, being duly sworn, did depose and say that the facts as set forth in the within statement, to which he has subscribed his name, are just and true.

JOSEPH BROWNE.

Sworn to before me, this 4th day of January, 1837.

PETER PINCKNEY, *Com. of Deeds.*

Another recent test of the unrivalled virtue of Dr. Wm. Evans' Medicines.

DYSPEPSIA, 10 YEARS' STANDING.

Mr. J. McKenzie, 176 Stanton street, was afflicted with the above complaint for 10 years, which incapacitated him at intervals, for the period of six years, in attending to his business, restored to perfect health under the treatment of Dr. Wm. Evans.

The principal symptoms were—A sense of distention and oppression after eating, distressing pain in the pit of the stomach, nausea, impaired appetite, giddiness, palpitation of the heart, great debility and emaciation, depression of spirits, disturbed rest, sometimes a bilious vomiting and pain in the right side, an extreme degree of languor and faintness, any endeavor to pursue his business, causing immediate exhaustion and weariness.

Mr. McKenzie is daily attending his business, and none of the above symptoms have recurred since he used the medicine. He is now a strong and healthy man.

He resorted to myriads of remedies, but they were all ineffectual. He is willing to give any information to the afflicted respecting the inestimable benefit rendered to him by the use of Dr. Wm. Evans' medicine.

REMARKABLE CASE OF ACUTE RHEUMATISM, with an Affection of the Lungs, cured under the treatment of Dr. Wm. Evans, 100 Chatham street, New York.

Mr. Benjamin S. Jarvis, 13 Centre st., Newark, N. J., afflicted for four years with severe pains in all his joints, which were always increased on the slightest motion, the tongue preserved a steady whiteness; loss of appetite, dizziness in his head, the bowels commonly very costive, the urine high coloured, and often profuse sweating, unattended by relief. The above symptoms were also attended with considerable difficulty of breathing, with a sense of tightness across the chest, likewise a great want of due energy in the nervous system.

The above symptoms were entirely removed, and a cure effected by Dr. Wm. Evans.

BENJ S. JARVIS.

Sworn to, November 25, 1836, before William Saul, Notary Public, 96 Nassau street, New York.

A SEVERE CASE OF PILES CURED AT 100 CHATHAM STREET.

Mr. Daniel Spinning of Shrewsbury, Eden Town, New Jersey, was severely afflicted with Piles for more than 20 years. Had had recourse to medicines of almost every description, also the advice of several eminent Physicians, but never found th slightest relief from any source whatever, until after he called on Dr. Evans, of 100 Chatham street, New York, and procured some medicine from him, from which he found immediate relief, and subsequently a perfect cure

Also, Dr. W. Evans' SOOTHING SIRUP, for Children Teething, prepared by himself.

AGENTS.

E. J. HALE, Fayetteville, North Carolina,
Wm. M. Mason, Raleigh,
H. D. Machen, Washington,
James M. Redmund, Tarborough,
S. Hall, Newbern,
F. S. Marshall, Halifax,
Sportwood & Robertson, Petersburg, Va.,
C. Hall, Norfolk, and
A. Duval, Richmond.

January 1, 1839. 26-cow1Y

For Sale,

1000 SACKS LIVERPOOL SALT,
15 tons Swedes and English Iron,
100 kegs Cut Nails, 3d to 40d,
75 bags prime Rio Coffee,
10 do. old Java ditto,
10 hhds. Sugar, assorted
10 bbls. Loaf and Lump Sugar,
10 hhds. Molasses,
10 casks Ground Plaster
5 bbls. Calcined ditto,
25 pieces Hemp Bagging,
25 coils Bale Rope,
10 coils Cordage, 2½ to 4½ inches,
40 boxes 8 x 10 and 10 x 12 Glass,
2 barrels Putty, in bladders,
100 kegs White Lead, in Oil,
20 do. Black Lead, in Oil,
A general assortment of Paint and Paint Brushes,
1 chest Black Tea,
15 boxes Brown Soap,
500 lbs. Bar Lead,
3 casks London Porter,
15 quarter casks Wine,—Madeira, Sicily Madeira, Teneriffe, Sherry & Malaga,
6 boxes (2 dozen) fine old Madeira Wine, (Ceylon brand,)
1 cask *Red* Clover Seed,
2 tons Castings, Pots, Ovens, Skillets and Fire Dogs,
4 pieces superfine Ingrain Carpeting and Hearth Rugs, and a general assortment of DRY GOODS, HARDWARE and CUTLERY.

J. HUSKE & SON.

Sept. 23, 1840. 16tf

FAYETTEVILLE
FEMALE SEMINARY.

HAVING declined further supervision of the Female Seminary, it is but just that I should express to its former patrons and friends my confidence, that in the hands of Mr. Spencer, it will be conducted with ability and faithfulness, on the general plan heretofore pursued. Mr. Spencer, as a teacher, is laborious, accurate and persevering.

R. W. BAILEY.

THE Subscriber will open the Seminary on the 15th of October next, and hopes by giving his entire and exclusive attention to the business—aided in each department by competent, efficient Female Teachers—to merit the patronage heretofore bestowed. In regard to the plan he intends to pursue, he has only to say, at present, that he is DETERMINED to give a course of instruction in each department as THOROUGH as possible. The Academic year will be the same as before; commencing on the 15th October, and closing on the 15th July, and divided into two sessions. Pupils charged from time of entrance to close of session, and no deduction made for absence, except in cases of sickness.

TERMS—IN ADVANCE.

Elementary Department, or Second Class,	$8 00	per Session.
First Class,	16 00	"
French Language,	10 00	"
Drawing and Painting,	10 00	"
Music on the Piano Forte, accompanied by the voice,	25 00	"
Music on Guitar,	25 00	"
Use of Piano,	3 00	"
Incidentals,	50	"

G. SPENCER.

August 1, 1840. 9tf

FAYETTEVILLE
FEMALE SEMINARY.

MR. & MRS. SPENCER are now happy to announce to the citizens of Fayetteville and vicinity, that they have been successful in securing the able services of Miss M. A. Dickinson, in the Music and French department of the above Seminary. Miss D. has been an able and accomplished teacher for the last three years, in a variety of the ornamental branches, including Music on the Piano, accompanied by the voice, French, Drawing, Ornamental Needle work, &c. As to her competency in Music, we refer to the statement below, of Mr. Brown, Professor and Teacher of Music, New Haven, Con. in French, she is a superior scholar,—speaks it with perfect ease and fluency.

"NEW HAVEN, Aug. 31, 1840.

"*Dear Sir:* In reply to your note of this date, I have to say, that I have been acquainted with Miss Mary Ann Dickinson for the last three years. She has taught music in this city, during that time, to the *universal acceptance* and *satisfaction* (so far as I have heard) of her numerous pupils. I consider her to be a lady of good mind, apt to teach, urbane in her manners, and well acquainted with music, particularly with the Piano Forte. I am happy to hear that you have succeeded in securing the able services of Miss Dickinson, and hope and believe that she will prove a valuable acquisition to your Seminary.

"Accept, dear sir, &c.,

"ALLING BROWN,

"*Prof. and Teacher of Music, New Haven, Ct.*"

As to the English Department, we shall furnish a *thorough and complete* course of instruction, from the elementary lessons of childhood to the higher branches of Literature and Science adapted to the mature scholar. Well aware of his responsibility for the successful improvement of each pupil, the Principal will take every class in this Department, to the utmost possible extent, under his *direct and personal care.* In addition to the use of Globes and illustrations heretofore used, there will be connected with the Seminary this year a competent set of apparatus, comprising the whole set invented by Sam. Holbrook, of Boston, together with extensive additions, by means of which we shall elucidate the principles of Arithmetic, Geography, Geometry, Astronomy, Natural Philosophy and Chemistry. For the satisfaction of parents and friends, a weekly report of the recitations and deportment of pupils will be made out and sent to them; and as this is regarded as a very important stimulus to effort, we hope parents and friends will take a particular interest in them. The same building will be used for the School as heretofore, and the same arrangements are made for boarding.

G. SPENCER, *Principal.*

September 5, 1840. 14tf

French Burr Mill Stones For Wheat, and Cologne Stones for Corn.

HAVING been appointed Agent for the sale of the above Mill Stones in this State, by Messrs. Egenton & Morris, Manufacturers, of Baltimore, I would here inform those wanting the same, that they can be furnished by sending their orders to me at this place. We *warrant* the article to be *genuine;* if it is not, we furnish a new pair in their stead.

C. J. & R. M. ORRELL,
Brick Buildings, Hay Street.

Fayetteville, Sept. 1, 1840. 13*tf*

HARRISON'S SPECIFIC
OINTMENT,

FOR the cure of White Swellings, Scrofulous and other Tumours, Ulcers, Sore Legs, old and fresh Wounds, Sprains and Bruises, Swellings and Inflammation, Scald Head, Women's sore Breasts, Rheumatic Pains, Piles, Tetters, Eruptions, Chilblains, Whitlows, Biles, Corns, and External Diseases generally. It is likewise greatly superior to any medicine heretofore discovered for the chafed backs and limbs of Horses; for ring worms, chapped lips, and in short for every external bodily evil that may fall to the lot of man and beast. Altogether the proprietor feels no hesitation in stating, or in putting it to the proof against all competition, that

Harrison's Specific Ointment

Is vastly superior to every thing of the kind which has heretofore been offered to the public; and the proprietor not only vouches for its *general* good qualities, but is willing to risk his reputation on a *single trial,* for he knows, from the most ample experience, that it cannot be used without immediate and palpable benefit in any one of the complaints for which it is so highly recommended.

Price, 50 cents per box.

☞ For sale at the Fayetteville Book Store.

May 1, 1840. 95-1Y

TO THE AFFLICTED

Hadlock's Vegetable Powder and Sirup,

For Diseases of the Lungs, Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Coughs, Colds, &c.

The operation of this Medicine is particularly mild and safe. It promotes a gentle and healthy perspiration, and checks morbid and pernicious sweatings, relieves chronic affections and congestion of the lungs, assuages cough, promotes a free and mild expectoration, removes pains from the chest, relieves asthmatic or difficult respiration, corrects obstinate costiveness, and leaves the bowels in a regular and healthy state. Those painful symptoms which indicate diseased lungs readily yield to this certain remedy, when seasonably resorted to, and it restores the patient to the bodily vigor which that wasting disorder, the consumption, it will be seen, natural operation, so surely destroys.

☞ For sale by the Proprietor, on Hillsborough street, and at the Store of James H. Hooper.

The Proprietor has received the following testimony from the Rev. Simeon Colton, a gentleman well known:—

TO THE PUBLIC.

Mr. James Hadlock has for some time been in the practice of preparing vegetable powder and sirup for diseases of the lungs, coughs, colds, &c. which have been extensively used in and about Fayetteville N. C., as well as in other places, by people who have suffered under those and similar complaints. They have acquired a high reputation, and are considered by many as superior to any other medicine for the above-named diseases. And I have reason to believe, from my own experience, and from the effects of the medicine, as used in my family, that it is highly valuable, while its operation is mild and safe. It is recommended to all who may be laboring under the complaints named, to give it a thorough trial, and it is confidently believed that there will be no disappointment in the result.

SIMEON COLTON,
Principal of the Donaldson Academy.

Fayetteville, Feb. 18, 1839.

Rowand's Tonic Mixture,

AN INFALLIBLE CURE FOR ACUE AND FEVER.

A FRESH SUPPLY of this valuable Medicine just received from the Manufactory of Philadelphia. For sale at the Fayetteville Book Store, $9 per dozen, or $1 per bottle.

October 5, 1839.

The "Deobstruent Pills"

ARE confidently offered to the public from the Agent's knowledge of their efficacy as experienced by himself and many others. It is a well established fact that obstructions of the Liver, Spleen, Biliary Ducts, &c. form the basis of most of the complaints with which we are all more or less afflicted—Dyspepsia, Head-ache, Heart-burn, torpid bowels and irregular state of the Bowels. These diseases neglected, eventually destroy the strongest constitutions, and cannot be counteracted by means that are truly effective. Removing obstructions, giving a healthy movement to the secretions, and tone to the system throughout, are some of the benefits to be derived from these pills. They are offered for sale by the subscriber, with such directions accompanying each box. They are stated by him as the composition of an eminent Physician who has successfully studied and treated these complaints in both Hemispheres.

JOHN H. HEARCE, *Sole Agent.*

Fayetteville, Feb. 4, 1840.

Certificate of Rev. A. B. McCleary, of the State of South Carolina.

I certify, that for three years past I have frequently taken "the Deobstruent Pills," and unhesitatingly pronounce them the best medicine for bilious attacks that I ever have used. I have also in numerous cases frequently administered them to others, and in no instance without a sensible and speedy benefit. I fully recommend them to the afflicted.

ALEX'R B. McCLEARY.

PETERS' VEGETABLE
PILLS

ARE daily effecting some of the most WONDERFUL AND ASTONISHING CURES that have ever been known. In comparison of which, all others have now become a shining mark, against which the arrows of disappointed hope envy and intolerableness, are levelled without distinction. The town and country are alike filled with their praises. The palace and poor-house alike echo with their virtues. In all climates, under all temperatures, they still retain their wonderful powers, and continue unattended by age or situation. They are simple in their preparation, mild in their action, thorough in their operation, and unrivalled in their results.

PETERS' VEGETABLE PILLS are the Bilious, Anti-Dyspeptic, and Anti-Mercurial, and may be justly considered a *Universal Medicine,* as they are peculiarly beneficial in the following complaints: Yellow and Bilious Fevers, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Croup, Liver Complaints, Sick Headache, Jaundice, Asthma, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Enlargement of the Spleen, Piles, Cholic, Bilious Obstructions, Heart-burn, Furred Tongue, Nervousness, Distension of the Stomach and Bowels, Incipient Diarrhœa, Flatulence, Habitual Costiveness, Loss of Appetite, Blotched or Sallow Complexion, and in all cases of Torpor of the Bowels, where a cathartic or an aperient is needed. They are exceedingly mild in their operation, producing neither nausea, griping, nor debility.

Price, 50 cents per box, or $4 per dozen.

☞ For sale at the Fayetteville Book Store.

May 1, 1840. 95-1Y

SOUTHERN TONIC
COSTER & COXE

AGUE AND FEVER.

And every symptom of general Debility speedily and permanently cured by

COSTER & COXE'S
ORIGINAL
SOUTHERN TONIC.

COSTER & COXE, the inventors of this celebrated medicine, from a long residence in the South, and from the nature of their vocation, have been brought immediately in contact with the Ague and Fever in its most obstinate forms, and have frequently been compelled to witness the entire want of success in the practice of the most skilful Physicians. The usual and popular mode of treating this disease has been, first to evacuate the stomach and bowels, and then resort to the use of Tonics—of which class of Medicines a very great variety have been recommended to the Public—all of which have had their advocates, and that which has been by far the most popular one, has been Peruvian Bark and its preparations, particularly that of *Quinine.* There are insurmountable objections to the administration of Quinine, as to most individuals, (when carried to a salutary point,) it produces a roaring in the ears, nausea, and a headache, very similar to a bilious headache; and when it effects a cure it is seldom permanent. It was the hope of avoiding this state of things that induced us to try the "Southern Tonic," and we are happy to say that its success has surpassed *even us.* As there is no Arsenic, Mercury, or any thing *in the least* hurtful to the human constitution in it, there can be no objection to the administration of the Southern Tonic to the most tender infant; indeed it will be found the most delicate and effective medicine known in those cases of Disorganized Stomach and Bowels, and of general debility which so frequently present themselves in children.

☞ A supply of the above Medicine has been received, on consignment, at the Book Store, Fayetteville, N. C. Price $1 per bottle, or 9 per dozen.